

STATE OF UTAH
DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
UTAH POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
(UPDES)

GENERAL PERMIT FOR COAL MINING

In compliance with provisions of the *Utah Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 5, Utah Code Annotated ("UCA") 1953, as amended* (the "Act"),

Utah American Energy - Lila Canyon Mine

as identified in the application No. UTG040024 is authorized to discharge from all outfall(s) to receiving waters named:

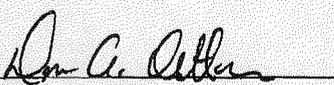
Grassy Wash to Marsh Flat to the Price River

in accordance with discharge point(s), effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions as set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on May 1, 2003.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, April 30, 2008

Signed this 24th day of April, 2003.


Don A. Ostler
Executive Secretary
Utah Water Quality Board

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Div. of Oil, Gas & Mining

STATE OF UTAH
DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
UTAH POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
(UPDES)

GENERAL PERMIT FOR COAL MINING

In compliance with provisions of the *Utah Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 5, Utah Code Annotated ("UCA") 1953, as amended (the "Act")*,

Utah American Energy - Horse Canyon Mine

as identified in the application No. UTG040013 is authorized to discharge from all outfall(s) to receiving waters named:

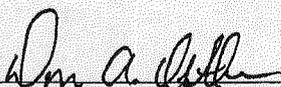
Horse Canyon Creek

in accordance with discharge point(s), effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions as set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on May 1, 2003.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, April 30, 2008

Signed this 24th day of April, 2003.



Don A. Ostler
Executive Secretary
Utah Water Quality Board

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Div. of Oil, Gas & Mining

UtahAmerican Energy Inc.

P.O. Box 986
Price, Utah 84501
+1 (435) 613 0393
Fax: +1 (435) 613 0393

July 15, 1999

**RE: UtahAmerican Energy
Notice of Intent
General Permit for Coal Mining
Lila Canyon Mine
Emery County, Utah**

Mr. Steven R. McNeal
Environmental Engineer
Permits & Compliance Section
Utah Division of Water Quality
P.O. Box 144870
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

Dear Mr. McNeal:

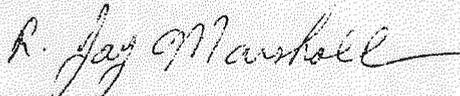
Enclosed is a Notice of Intent (NOI) to obtain a General Permit for Coal Mining for the proposed Lila Canyon Mine.

The mine site has not yet been constructed. A complete Mining and Reclamation Plan is under review by the Division of Oil, Gas & Mining.

The proposed permit will be for 2 potential discharge points. One will be from the proposed sediment pond, and the second will be to cover the potential for discharge of mine water in the future.

Thank you for your consideration. If you have any questions, or need any further information, please let me know.

Sincerely,



R. Jay Marshall P.E.
Chief Engineer

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**NOTICE OF INTENT
GENERAL PERMIT FOR COAL MINING
LILA CANYON MINE**

1. Current Facility Information:

- a. **Name of Facility -** *Lila Canyon Mine*
- b. **Designated Contact -** *Jay Marshall
Chief Engineer
(435) 613-0393*
- c. **Mailing Address -** *UtahAmerican Energy
P.O. Box 986
Price, Utah 84501*
- d. **Facility Location -** *SW 1/4 Section 15, T.16 S., R
14 E., S.L.B. & M., Carbon
County, Utah*
- Nearest City -** *Sunnyside, Utah*
Latitude - *39 ° 25' 28"*
Longitude - *110 ° 20' 53"*
- e. **Owner/Operator of Facility -** *UtahAmerican Energy
P.O. Box 986
Price, Utah 84501*
- Phone -** *(435) 613-0393*
Principal Contact - *Jay Marshall
Chief Engineer*

5. Portions of Operations or Discharge Points Located on National Forest or Indian Lands;

- a. *None of the operations or points are located on Indian Lands;*
- b. *None of operations or discharge points are located within National Forest boundaries.*

3. Other Permits for Facility:

- a. *Utah Mining Permit - Applied For*

4. Hazardous Waste Treatment Storage or Disposal:

- a. *Used oil is stored in a protected tank and recycled through a licensed vendor as*

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required.

- b. There are no PCB's or other acutely hazardous wastes produced, stored or disposed of at this property.*

5. *Proposed Discharge Points.*

- a. Discharge Point - 001
Located at the outfall of the sedimentation pond.
Latitude - 39 ° 25' 28"
Longitude - 110 ° 20' 53"
Receiving Water - Grassy Wash - Marsh Flat - Price River*
- b. Discharge Point - 002
Located at the Mine Portal
Latitude - 39 ° 25' 34"
Longitude - 110 ° 20' 26"
Receiving Water - Grassy Wash - Marsh Flat - Price River*

6. *Area Maps:*

- a. This is a new operation. No changes are expected to occur in the next 5 years.*
- b. A map is attached.*

7. *Source of Wastewater:*

- a. 001 - Storm Runoff/Snowmelt.*
- b. 002 - Underground Mine Water.*

8. *Wastewater Treatment:*

- a. 001 - Particle Settlement / Containment.*
- b. 002 - Particle Settlement / Underground Containment until Discharge.*

9. *Discharge Pont Flow Characteristics:*

- a. 001 - Intermittent Flow
Potential Flow Rate - 100 gpm (pumped)*
- b. 002 - Intermittent Flow
Potential Flow Rate - 200-400 gpm (pumped)*

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10. *Sample Results:*

- a. *No Data Available.
The sediment pond (001) is not yet constructed.*

11. *Toxic and/or Priority Pollutants.*

- a. *There are no 40 CFR Part 401 toxic or priority pollutants known or suspected to be present in the potential discharge from this point.*

12. *Statement of Certification:*

- a. *"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."*


Jay Marshall
Chief Engineer

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A. FIRST				B. SECOND			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1222 (specify) UNDERGROUND COAL MINING				7 (specify)			
C. THIRD				D. FOURTH			
(specify)				7 (specify)			

OPERATOR INFORMATION

A. NAME: UTAH AMERICAN ENERGY

B. Is the name listed in Item VIII-A also the owner? YES NO

C. STATUS OF OPERATOR (Enter the appropriate letter into the answer box: if "Other", specify.)

F = FEDERAL
S = STATE
P = PRIVATE

M = PUBLIC (other than federal or state)
O = OTHER (specify)

P (specify)

D. PHONE (area code & no.)

A 435 613 0393

E. STREET OR P.O. BOX

P.O. BOX 986

F. CITY OR TOWN: PRICE

G. STATE: UT

H. ZIP CODE: 84501

IX. INDIAN LAND: Is the facility located on Indian lands? YES NO

X. EXISTING ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS

A. NPDES (Discharges to Surface Water)				D. PSD (Air Emissions from Proposed Sources)			
E	T	I		E	T	I	
N				9	P		

B. UIC (Underground Injection of Fluids)				E. OTHER (specify)			
E	T	I		E	T	I	
U				9			

C. RCRA (Hazardous Wastes)				E. OTHER (specify)			
E	T	I		E	T	I	
R				9			

Attach to this application a topographic map of the area extending to at least one mile beyond property boundaries. The map must show the outline of the facility, the location of each of its existing and proposed intake and discharge structures, each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities, and each well where it injects fluids underground. Include all springs, rivers and other surface water bodies in the map area. See instructions for precise requirements.

XII. NATURE OF BUSINESS (provide a brief description)

UNDERGROUND COAL MINING AND LOADOUT

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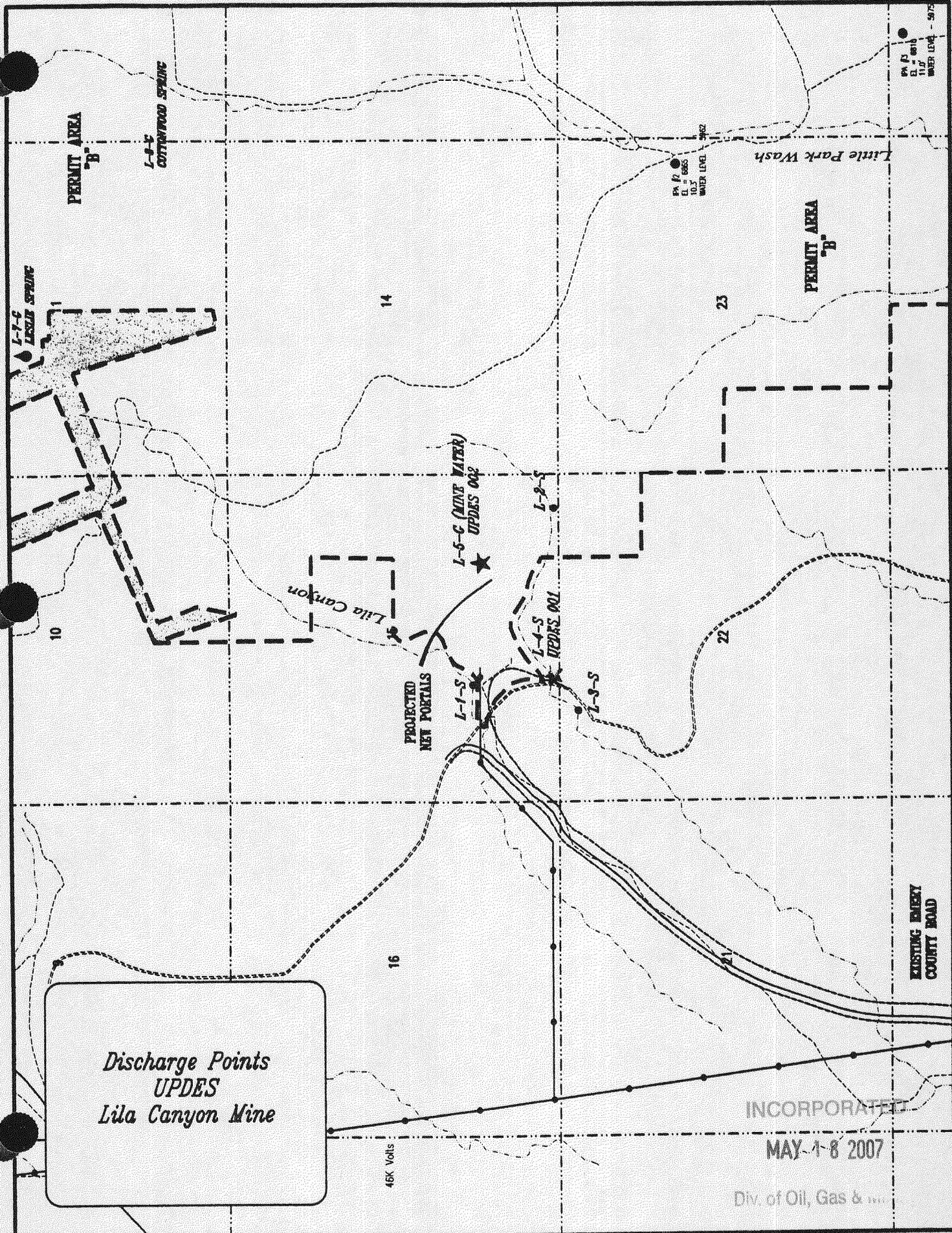
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XIII. CERTIFICATION (see instructions)

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this application and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those persons immediately responsible for obtaining the information contained in the application, I believe that the information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

A. NAME & OFFICIAL TITLE (type or print)	B. SIGNATURE	C. DATE SIGNED
JAY MARSHALL, CHIEF ENG.		



Discharge Points
 UPDES
 Lila Canyon Mine

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EXISTING ENERGY
 COUNTY ROAD

0' - 1117'
 WATER LEVEL - 5075'



State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY

Michael O. Leavitt
Governor

Dianne R. Nielson, Ph.D.
Executive Director

Don A. Ostler, P.E.
Director

288 North 1460 West
P.O. Box 144870
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870
(801) 538-6146
(801) 538-6016 Fax
(801) 536-4414 T.D.D.
www.deq.state.ut.us Web

Water Quality Board

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Chairman

K.C. Shaw, P.E.
Vice Chairman

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Douglas E. Thompson, Mayor

J. Ann Wechsler

William R. Williams

Don A. Ostler, P.E.
Executive Secretary

September 20, 1999

CERTIFIED MAIL

(Return Receipt Requested)

R. Jay Marshall, Chief Engineer
Utah American Energy-Lila Canyon Mine
P. O. Box 986
Price, Utah 84501

Dear Mr. Marshall:

Subject: UPDES General Coal Mining Permit No. UTG040024, Utah American Energy-Lila Canyon Mine

Enclosed is your copy of the signed general permit. Coverage will become effective on October 1, 1999 all the requirements and conditions of the permit will be in effect at that time. Preprinted Discharge Monitoring Report Forms (EPA Form 3320-1), for self-monitoring and reporting requirements as specified in the permit, will be sent to you as soon as possible.

Also enclosed is the multi-sector general storm water permit (which contains an NOI). Please be advised that you may need to obtain this general permit. For more information please contact Harry Campbell at (801) 538-6923.

As the agency charged with the administration of issuing UPDES Permits, we are continuously looking for ways to improve our quality of service to you. In effort to improve the State UPDES permitting process we are asking for your input. Since our customer permittee base is limited, your input is important. Please take a few moments to complete the enclosed questionnaire. The results will be used to improve our quality and responsiveness to our permittees and give us feed back on customer satisfaction. We will address the issues you have identified on an ongoing basis.

A fee schedule was included in the Utah Department of Environmental Quality budget appropriation request at the direction of the Legislature and in accordance with Utah Code Annotated 19-1-201. The fee schedule, as approved by the Legislature, includes a charge for the issuance of a UPDES permit. Please remit \$1,290.00 within 30 days of receipt of this letter to:

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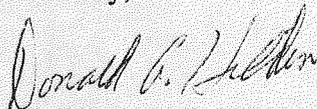
Div. of Oil, Gas & Mining

R. Jay Marshall
September 20, 1999
Page 2

Department of Environmental Quality
Division of Water Quality
ATTN: Mark Burrell
P.O. Box 144870
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

If you have any questions, please contact Michael Herkimer at (801) 538-6058.

Sincerely,



Donald A. Hilden, Ph.D., Manager
Permits and Compliance Section

DAH:MDH:st

Enclosure

cc: Division of Oil, Gas & Mining (w/encl)
Claron D. Bjork, Southeastern Utah District Health Dept. (w/encl)
Dave Ariotti, District Engineer (w/encl)
Mark Burrell, DWQ Accounts (w/o encl)

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Div. of Oil, Gas & Mining

Permit No. **UTG040000**
Industrial

STATE OF UTAH
DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE
UTAH POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM
(UPDES)

GENERAL PERMIT FOR COAL MINING

In compliance with provisions of the *Utah Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 5, Utah Code Annotated ("UCA") 1953, as amended (the "Act")*,

UTAH AMERICAN ENERGY - LILA CANYON MINE

as identified in the application No. UTG040024 is authorized to discharge from two outfalls to receiving waters named:

Grassy Wash to Marsh Flat to the Price River

in accordance with discharge point(s), effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective on October 1, 1999.

This general permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, April 30, 2003.

Signed this 20th day of September, 1999.


Authorized Permitting Official
Executive Secretary
Utah Water Quality Board

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MAY 18 2007
Div. of Oil, Gas & Mining

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EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A. Definitions.

1. The "30-day (and monthly) average" is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 30-day period or calendar month, whichever is applicable. The calendar month shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms.
2. The "7-day (and weekly) average" is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 7-day period or calendar week, whichever is applicable. The 7-day and weekly averages are applicable only to those effluent characteristics for which there are 7-day average effluent limitations. The calendar week which begins on Sunday and ends on Saturday, shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms. Weekly averages shall be calculated for all calendar weeks with Saturdays in the month. If a calendar week overlaps two months (i.e., the Sunday is in one month and the Saturday in the following month), the weekly average calculated for that calendar week shall be included in the data for the month that contains the Saturday.
3. "Daily Maximum" ("Daily Max.") is the maximum value allowable in any single sample or instantaneous measurement.
4. "Composite samples" shall be flow proportioned. The composite sample shall, as a minimum, contain at least four (4) samples collected over the composite sample period. Unless otherwise specified, the time between the collection of the first sample and the last sample shall not be less than six (6) hours nor more than 24 hours. Acceptable methods for preparation of composite samples are as follows:
 - a. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to flow rate at time of sampling;
 - b. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to total flow (volume) since last sample. For the first sample, the flow rate at the time the sample was collected may be used;
 - c. Constant sample volume, time interval between samples proportional to flow (i.e., sample taken every "X" gallons of flow); and,
 - d. Continuous collection of sample, with sample collection rate proportional to flow rate.
5. A "grab" sample, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a single "dip and take" sample collected at a representative point in the discharge stream.
6. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
7. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.

8. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
9. "Executive Secretary" means Executive Secretary of the Utah Water Quality Board.
10. "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
11. "Act" means the "*Utah Water Quality Act*".
12. "Best Management Practices" ("*BMPs*") means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the State. *BMPs* also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.
13. "Coal pile runoff" means the rainfall runoff from or through any coal storage pile.
14. "CWA" means *The Federal Water Pollution Control Act*, as amended, by *The Clean Water Act of 1987*.
15. "Point Source" means any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharges. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agriculture storm water runoff.
16. "Significant spills" includes, but is not limited to: releases of oil or hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under *Section 311 of the Clean Water Act* (see *40 CFR 110.10* and *40 CFR 117.21*) or *Section 102 of CERCLA* (see *40 CFR 302.4*).
17. "Storm water" means storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.
18. "Waste pile" means any noncontainerized accumulation of solid, nonflowing waste that is used for treatment or storage.
19. "10-year, 24-hour precipitation event" means the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable reoccurrence interval of once in 10 years. This information is available in *Weather Bureau Technical Paper No. 40*, May 1961 and *NOAA Atlas 2*, 1973 for the 11 Western States, and may be obtained from the National Climatic Center of the Environmental Data Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.
20. The term "coal preparation plant" means a facility where coal is crushed, screened, sized, cleaned, dried, or otherwise prepared and loaded for transit to a consuming facility.
21. The term "coal preparation plant associated areas" means the coal preparation plant yards, immediate access roads, coal refuse piles, and coal storage piles and facilities.

22. "Alkaline mine drainage" means mine drainage which before any treatment has a pH equal to or greater than 6.0 and total iron concentration less than 10 mg/L.

23. The term "settleable solids" is that matter measured by the volumetric method specified below:

Fill an Imhoff cone to the one-liter mark with a thoroughly mixed sample. Allow to settle undisturbed for 45 minutes. Gently stir along the inside surface of the cone with a stirring rod. Allow to settle undisturbed for 15 minutes longer. Record the volume of settled material in the cone as milliliters per liter. Where a separation of settleable and floating material occurs, do not include the floating material in the reading.

B. Criteria for Inclusion in the General Permit for Coal Mining

This General permit shall apply only to the discharge of treated wastewater from:

Coal mining operations either new or existing in Utah which include or will include in part, or in whole, alkaline mine water drainage, storm water runoff from coal preparation plant associated areas, active mining areas, and post mining areas until the performance bond is released. The total amount of total dissolved solids discharged from all mine water and decant operations is limited to one ton per day.

C. Notice of Intent for a General Permit for Coal Mining

Any facility which desires coverage under this general permit for coal mining and meets the requirements of Part I.B. can be issued general permit coverage by submitting a notice of intent (NOI) to the Division of Water Quality at the addresses listed on page -- of this permit.

The NOI shall include:

- a. A completed Environmental Protection Agency Application (EPA Form 3510-1) or equivalent information.
- b. Location and identification number (such as 001, 002, etc.) of each existing discharge and/or proposed discharge point(s). This includes the latitude and longitude to the nearest 15 seconds and the name of the receiving water(s).
- c. A description of the source of the wastewater for each discharge point.
- d. A description of the treatment given or proposed for the wastewater at each discharge point and if necessary a justification of why no treatment is required.
- e. Flow characteristics for each discharge point such as whether flow is or will be continuous or intermittent and indicate projected and/or actual average and maximum flows in gpd.
- f. Data for each discharge point for the following parameters:
 - 1) Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅).

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- 2) Chemical oxygen demand (COD).
- 3) Total organic carbon (TOC).
- 4) Total suspended solids (TSS).
- 5) Flow.
- 6) Ammonia (as N).
- 7) Oil and grease.
- 8) Temperature.
- 9) pH.
- 10) Total dissolved solids (TDS).
- 11) Total iron and metals, cyanide, phenols located in Table III UAC R317-8-3.12.
- 12) For discharge(s) of mine water or mine water and mine water mixed with surface runoff one acute whole efficiency toxicity test using two species and a full dilution series (five dilutions plus a control). Sediment pond discharges which have only surface runoff do not require WET tests.
- 13) Date and time of sampling for each parameter
- 14) Date and time of analysis for each parameter
- 15) Utah certified laboratory which has completed the analysis for each parameter

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If no data are available, indicate why the data are not available. The Executive Secretary may waive the reporting requirements for any of these pollutants and parameters if the applicant submits a request for such a waiver before or when the NOI is submitted which demonstrates that information adequate to support issuance of the permit can be obtained through less stringent reporting requirements.

- g. For each discharge point the presence or absence of any toxic and/or priority pollutants as listed Table II, UAC R317-8-3.12.

D Description of Discharge Point(s).

The authorization to discharge provided under this permit is limited to those outfalls specifically designated below as discharge locations. Discharges at any location not authorized under a UPDES permit is a violation of the *Act* and may be subject to penalties under the *Act*. Knowingly discharging from an unauthorized location or failing to report an unauthorized discharge may be subject to criminal penalties as provided under the *Act*.

<u>Outfall Number</u>	<u>Location of Discharge Point(s)</u>
001	Discharge from sedimentation pond to Grassy Wash at a latitude of 39°25' 28" and a longitude of 110°20' 53"
002	Discharge from the mine portal to Grassy Wash at a latitude of 39°25' 34" and a longitude of 110°20' 26"

E. Narrative Standard.

It shall be unlawful, and a violation of this permit, for the permittee to discharge or place any waste or other substance in such a way as will be or may become offensive such as unnatural deposits, floating

debris, oil, scum or other nuisances such as color, odor or taste, or cause conditions which produce undesirable aquatic life or which produce objectionable tastes in edible aquatic organisms; or result in concentrations or combinations of substances which produce undesirable physiological responses in desirable resident fish, or other desirable aquatic life, or undesirable human health effects, as determined by bioassay or other tests performed in accordance with standard procedures.

F. Specific Limitations and Self-monitoring Requirements.

1. Effective immediately and lasting the duration of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfalls 001 and 002. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

<u>Effluent Characteristics</u>	<u>Discharge Limitations a/</u>			<u>Monitoring Requirements</u>	
	<u>Average</u>	<u>Daily</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	<u>Measurement Frequency</u>	<u>Sample Type</u>
Flow, gpd	NA	NA	NA	Monthly	Measured <u>b/</u>
Oil & Grease, mg/L	NA	NA	10 <u>c/</u>	Monthly	Grab
Total Suspended Solids, mg/L	25	35	70	Monthly	Grab <u>e/</u>
Total Iron, mg/L	NA	NA	1.0	Monthly	Grab <u>e/</u>
Total Diss. Solids, lbs/day	NA	NA	<u>d/</u>	Monthly	Grab <u>e/</u>

The pH shall not be less than 6.5 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units in any sample and shall be monitored monthly by a grab sample.

There shall be no visible sheen or floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts.

There shall be no use of gypsum for rock dusting unless the permittee provides sufficient information to the Executive Secretary such that approval is granted based upon the Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Forum Policies and the fact that it will not significantly increase total dissolved solids concentrations.

There shall be no discharge of sanitary wastes or any process water from coal preparation plants.

N.A. - Not Applicable.

a/ See Definitions, *Part I.A* for definition of terms.

b/ For intermittent discharge, the duration of the discharge shall be reported along with the flow.

c/ If a visual sheen for oil and grease is observed then a grab sample must be taken immediately and the results shall not exceed 10 mg/L.

d/ The total amount of total dissolved solids (TDS) discharged from all mine water and decant operations is limited to one ton (2000 pounds) per day.

e/ These samples may also be a composite sample.

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2. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken from the effluent before mixing with any receiving water.
3. Any overflow, increase in volume of a discharge or discharge from a bypass system caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period less than or equal to the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt of equivalent volume) at all surface runoff ponds (outfalls) may comply with the following limitation instead of the total suspended solids limitations contained in Part I.F.1:

Effluent Characteristics

Daily Maximum

Settleable Solids

0.5 mL/L

In addition to the monitoring requirements specified under Part I.F.1, all effluent samples collected during storm water discharge events shall also be analyzed for settleable solids. Such analyses shall be conducted on either grab or composite samples.

4. Any overflow, increase in volume of a discharge or discharge from a bypass system caused by precipitation within any 24-hour period greater than the 10-year, 24-hour precipitation event (or snowmelt of equivalent volume) at all surface runoff pond outfalls may comply with the following limitations instead of the otherwise applicable limitations:

The pH shall not be less than 6.5 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units. However, as stated under Part I.F.3, all effluent samples collected at all surface runoff pond outfalls during storm water discharge events shall be analyzed for settleable solids and the parameters identified under Part I.F.1.

5. The permittee/operator shall have the burden of proof that the discharge or increase in discharge was caused by the applicable precipitation event described in Parts I.F.3. and F.4. The alternate limitation in Parts I.F.3. and F.4. shall not apply to treatment systems that treat underground mine water only.
6. Best Management Practices.

All requirements for best management practices are covered by the Multi-Sector General Storm Water Permit.

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MONITORING, RECORDING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Representative Sampling. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements established under *Part I* shall be collected from the effluent stream prior to discharge into the receiving waters. Samples and measurements shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge. Sludge samples shall be collected at a location representative of the quality of sludge immediately prior to the use-disposal practice.
- B. Monitoring Procedures. Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under *Utah Administrative Code ("UAC") R317-2-10*, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.
- C. Penalties for Tampering. The *Act* provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.
- D. Reporting of Monitoring Results. Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized for each month and reported monthly on a Discharge Monitoring Report Form (EPA No. 3320-1), post-marked no later than the 28th day of the month following the completed reporting period. The first report is due on November 28, 1999. If no discharge occurs during the reporting period, "no discharge" shall be reported. Legible copies of these, and all other reports shall be signed and certified in accordance with the requirements of *Signatory Requirements (see Part IV.G)*, and submitted to the Director, Division of Water Quality at the following address:
- original to: Department of Environmental Quality
Division of Water Quality
288 North 1460 West
PO Box 144870
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870
- E. Compliance Schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any *Compliance Schedule* of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.
- F. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee. If the permittee monitors any parameter more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under *UAC R317-2-10* or as otherwise specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated. Only those parameters required by the permit need to be reported.
- G. Records Contents. Records of monitoring information shall include:
1. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 2. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 3. The date(s) and time(s) analyses were performed;
 4. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
 5. The analytical techniques or methods used; and,
 6. The results of such analyses.

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H. Retention of Records. The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Executive Secretary at any time. A copy of this UPDES permit must be maintained on site during the duration of activity at the permitted location.

I. Twenty-four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting.

1. The permittee shall (orally) report any noncompliance which may seriously endanger health or environment as soon as possible, but no later than twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee first became aware of circumstances. The report shall be made to the Division of Water Quality, (801) 538-6146, or 24 hour answering service (801) 536-4123.
2. The following occurrences of noncompliance shall be reported by telephone (801) 536-4123 as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances:
 - a. Any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
 - b. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (See *Part III.G, Bypass of Treatment Facilities.*);
 - c. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (See *Part III.H, Upset Conditions.*); or,
 - d. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in the permit.
3. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time that the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain:
 - a. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
 - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;
 - c. The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected; and,
 - d. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
 - e. Steps taken, if any, to mitigate the adverse impacts on the environment and human health during the noncompliance period.
4. The Executive Secretary may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours by the Division of Water Quality, (801) 538-6146.

5. Reports shall be submitted to the addresses in *Part II.D, Reporting of Monitoring Results*.
- J. Other Noncompliance Reporting. Instances of noncompliance not required to be reported within 24 hours shall be reported at the time that monitoring reports for *Part II.D* are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in *Part II.I.3*.
- K. Inspection and Entry. The permittee shall allow the Executive Secretary, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 2. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
 3. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and,
 4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the *Act*, any substances or parameters at any location.

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COMPLIANCE RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Duty to Comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- B. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions. The Act provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing provisions of the Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions of the Act is subject to a fine not exceeding \$25,000 per day of violation; Any person convicted under UCA 19-5-115(2) a second time shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$50,000 per day. Except as provided at Part III.G, Bypass of Treatment Facilities and Part III.H, Upset Conditions, nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee of the civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.
- C. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- D. Duty to Mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- E. Proper Operation and Maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- F. Removed Substances. Collected screening, grit, solids, sludge, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment shall be buried or disposed of in such a manner so as to prevent any pollutant from entering any waters of the state or creating a health hazard. Sludge/digester supernatant and filter backwash shall not directly enter either the final effluent or waters of the state by any other direct route.
- G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities.
1. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 of this section. Return of removed substances, as described in Part III.F, to the discharge stream shall not be considered a bypass under the provisions of this paragraph.
 2. Notice:

- a. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass.
 - b. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required under *Part II.I, Twenty-four Hour Reporting*.
3. Prohibition of bypass.
- a. Bypass is prohibited and the Executive Secretary may take enforcement action against a permittee for a bypass, unless:
 - (1) The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage ;
 - (2) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and,
 - (3) The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2 of this section.
 - b. The Executive Secretary may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Executive Secretary determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in paragraph 3.a of this section.

H. Upset Conditions.

1. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 2. of this section are met. Executive Secretary's administrative determination regarding a claim of upset cannot be judiciously challenged by the permittee until such time as an action is initiated for noncompliance.
2. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required under *Part II.I, Twenty-four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting*; and,
 - d. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under *Part III.D, Duty to Mitigate*.

3. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.
- I. Toxic Pollutants. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of *The Water Quality Act of 1987* for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- J. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances. Notification shall be provided to the Executive Secretary as soon as the permittee knows of, or has reason to believe:
1. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - a. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 ug/L);
 - b. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 ug/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - c. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with *UAC R317-8-3.4(7)* or (10); or,
 - d. The level established by the Executive Secretary in accordance with *UAC R317-8-4.2(6)*.
 2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
 - a. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L);
 - b. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - c. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with *UAC R317-8-3.4(9)*; or,
 - d. The level established by the Executive Secretary in accordance with *UAC R317-8-4.2(6)*.
- K. Industrial Pretreatment. Any wastewaters discharged to the sanitary sewer, either as a direct discharge or as a hauled waste, are subject to Federal, State and local pretreatment regulations. Pursuant to Section 307 of *The Water Quality Act of 1987*, the permittee shall comply with all applicable federal General Pretreatment Regulations promulgated at *40 CFR 403*, the State Pretreatment Requirements at *UAC R317-8-8*, and any specific local discharge limitations developed by the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) accepting the wastewaters.

In addition, in accordance with *40 CFR 403.12(p)(1)*, the permittee must notify the POTW, the EPA Regional Waste Management Director, and the State hazardous waste authorities, in writing, if they

discharge any substance into a POTW which if otherwise disposed of would be considered a hazardous waste under *40 CFR 261*. This notification must include the name of the hazardous waste, the EPA hazardous waste number, and the type of discharge (continuous or batch).

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GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Planned Changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Secretary as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when the alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are not subject to effluent limitations in the permit. In addition, if there are any planned substantial changes to the permittee's existing sludge facilities or their manner of operation or to current sludge management practices of storage and disposal, the permittee shall give notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes at least 30 days prior to their implementation.
- B. Anticipated Noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Executive Secretary of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
- C. Permit Actions. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- D. Duty to Reapply. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee shall apply for coverage under the new general permit. The NOI shall be submitted at least 60 days before the expiration date of this permit. An application shall be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit if an individual permit is necessary.
- E. Duty to Provide Information. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Secretary, within a reasonable time, any information which the Executive Secretary may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Secretary, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- F. Other Information. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the Executive Secretary, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- G. Signatory Requirements. All applications, reports or information submitted to the Executive Secretary shall be signed and certified.
1. All permit applications shall be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.
 2. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the Executive Secretary shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Executive Secretary, and,

- b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility, such as the position of plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.)
3. Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph *IV.G.2* is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph *IV.G.2* must be submitted to the Executive Secretary prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
4. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:
- "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
- H. Penalties for Falsification of Reports. The *Act* provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.
- I. Availability of Reports. Except for data determined to be confidential under *UAC R317-8-3.2*, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the office of Executive Secretary. As required by the *Act*, permit applications, permits and effluent data shall not be considered confidential.
- J. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the permittee of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under the *Act*.
- K. Property Rights. The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state or local laws or regulations.

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- L. Severability. The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provisions of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.
- M. Transfers. This permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
1. The current permittee notifies the Executive Secretary at least 20 days in advance of the proposed transfer date;
 2. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and,
 3. The Executive Secretary does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify, or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2 above.
- N. State Laws. Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by *UCA 19-5-117*.
- O. Water Quality-Reopener Provision. This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include the appropriate effluent limitations and compliance schedule, if necessary, if one or more of the following events occurs:
1. Water Quality Standards for the receiving water(s) to which the permittee discharges are modified in such a manner as to require different effluent limits than contained in this permit.
 2. A final wasteload allocation is developed and approved by the State and/or EPA for incorporation in this permit.
 3. A revision to the current Water Quality Management Plan is approved and adopted which calls for different effluent limitations than contained in this permit.

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