



Lila Canyon Project
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Utah Division of Oil, Gas & Mining
Utah Coal Program
1594 West North Temple, Suite 1210
P.O. Box 145801
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-5801

February 11, 2020

C/007/0013
Received 2/13/2020
Task #6067

Attn: Steve Christensen
Permit Supervisor

Re: Lila Canyon Mine, UtahAmerican Energy, Inc. C/007/013
L20-001 Surface Facility Update

Dear Mr. Christensen

Attached you will find the proposed plan to add additional storage trailers to the Lila Canyon Mine MRP, as well as the addition of 2 power poles onto the lower storage pad. The storage trailers are conex trailers with no concrete footers. These are mobile, and are used to store warehouse items. The power poles are needed to provide additional power to the already approved shop building, as well as provide mandatory safety lighting on the property. There are also several text changes within Chapter 5 addressing minor text cleanup removing references to the previously removed Plate 8-1. Bonding has been addressed in this submittal, as well as an updated facilities map, and text in Chapter 5.

If you have any questions, or need any additional information regarding this submittal, please contact me directly at 435-888-4000.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Karin Madsen', is written over a horizontal line.

Karin Madsen
Environmental Permitting Engineer
UtahAmerican Energy, Inc.

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT PROCESSING

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permit Change X	<input type="checkbox"/> New Permit	<input type="checkbox"/> Renewal	<input type="checkbox"/> Transfer	<input type="checkbox"/> Exploration	<input type="checkbox"/> Bond Release	Permit Number: ACT/007/013
L20-001 Surface Facility Update						Mine: Lila Canyon
						Permittee: UtahAmerican Energy, Inc.

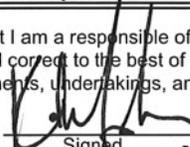
Description, include reason for application and timing required to implement:

Instructions: If you answer yes to any of the first 8 questions (gray), submit the application to the Salt Lake Office. Otherwise, you may submit it to your reclamation

<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	1. Change in the size of the Permit Area? _____ acres Disturbed Area? _____ acres X increase <input type="checkbox"/> decrease.
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	2. Is the application submitted as a result of a Division Order? DO # _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	3. Does application include operations outside a previously identified Cumulative Hydrologic Impact Area?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	4. Does application include operations in hydrologic basins other than as currently approved?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	5. Does application result from cancellation, reduction or increase of insurance or reclamation bond?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	6. Does the application require or include public notice/publication?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	7. Does the application require or include ownership, control, right-of-entry, or compliance information?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	8. Is proposed activity within 100 feet of a public road or cemetery or 300 feet of an occupied dwelling?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	9. Is the application submitted as a result of a Violation?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	10. Is the application submitted as a result of other laws or regulations or policies? Explain: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	11. Does the application affect the surface landowner or change the post mining land use?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	12. Does the application require or include underground design or mine sequence and timing? (Modification of R2P2?)
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	13. Does the application require or include collection and reporting of any baseline information?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	14. Could the application have any effect on wildlife or vegetation outside the current disturbed area?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	15. Does application require or include soil removal, storage or placement?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	16. Does the application require or include vegetation monitoring, removal or revegetation activities?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	17. Does the application require or include construction, modification, or removal of surface facilities?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	18. Does the application require or include water monitoring, sediment or drainage control measures?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	19. Does the application require or include certified designs, maps, or calculations?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	20. Does the application require or include subsidence control or monitoring?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	21. Have reclamation costs for bonding been provided for?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	22. Does application involve a perennial stream, a stream buffer zone or discharges to a stream?
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	23. Does the application affect permits issued by other agencies or permits issued to other entities?

Attach complete copies of the application.

I hereby certify that I am a responsible official of the applicant and that the information contained in this application is true and correct to the best of my information and belief in all respects with the laws of Utah in reference to commitments, undertakings, and obligations, herein.


 Signed _____ Name Karin Madsen / Env. Permitting Engineer / Position _____ Date 2-11-2020

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of Feb, 2020.


 Notary Public _____
 My Commission Expires: Oct 26, 2022
 Attest: STATE OF Utah COUNTY OF Carbon



Received by Oil, Gas & Mining

ASSIGNED TRACKING NUMBER

Application for Permit Processing Detailed Schedule of Changes to the MRP

L20-001 Surface Facility Update	Permit Number: ACT/007/013
	Mine: Lila Canyon
	Permittee: UtahAmerican Energy, Inc.

Provide a detailed listing of all changes to the mining and reclamation plan which will be required as a result of this proposed permit application. Individually list all maps and drawings which are to be added, replaced, or removed from the plan. Include changes of the table of contents, section of the plan, pages, or other information as needed to specifically locate, identify and revise the existing mining and reclamation plan. **Include page, section and drawing numbers as part of the description.**

			DESCRIPTION OF MAP, TEXT, OR MATERIALS TO BE CHANGED
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	Plate 5-2 As Built Surface Facilities
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	Chapter 5 pages 10, 12, 13, 18, 24 and 30 □
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	REMOVE	Bonding Calculations - Tab 03, Tab 10 and Total tab.
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	
<input type="checkbox"/> ADD	<input type="checkbox"/> REPLACE	<input type="checkbox"/> REMOVE	

Any other specific or special instructions required for insertion of this proposal into the Mining and Reclamation Plan?

WordPerfect Document Compare Summary

Original document: K:\Lila\2020\L20-001 Surface Facility
Update\Originals\Chapter 5 Original.wpd

Revised document: K:\Lila\2020\L20-001 Surface Facility
Update\Chapter 5 Edits.wpd

Deletions are shown with the following attributes and color:

~~Strikeout~~, Blue RGB(0,0,255).

Deleted text is shown as full text.

Insertions are shown with the following attributes and color:

Double Underline, Redline, Red RGB(255,0,0).

The document was marked with 14 Deletions, 4 Insertions, 0 Moves.

Horse Canyon Extension Lila Canyon Mine

Chapter 5 Engineering

Volume 4 of 7

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Chapter 5

500. ENGINEERING

510. Introduction

This section presents the engineering portion for the Lila Canyon Extension to the Horse Canyon Mine Reclamation Plan and is based upon previous publications, permit applications for the adjacent Sunnyside and South Lease areas and design which follows basic engineering standards. The objective of this chapter is to provide sufficient engineering design to support the mining and reclamation plan for the Lila Canyon Mine (ACT/007/013) and to satisfy the rules found in R645-301-500. All of the activities associated with the coal mining and reclamation operations are designed, located, constructed, maintained, and reclaimed in accordance with the operation and reclamation plan. The engineering section of the permit application is divided into the introduction, the operation plan, operational design criteria, reclamation plan, and performance standards. All design criteria associated with the operation and reclamation plans have been met.

511. General Requirements.

- 511.100** The permit application includes a description of the proposed coal mining and reclamation operations with appropriate maps, plans, and cross sections.
- 511.200** A description of the proposed mining operation and its potential impacts to the environment as well methods and calculations utilized to achieve compliance with design criteria are addressed within this chapter.
- 511.300** A description of the proposed reclamation plan is included in this chapter.

512. Certification

- 512.100.** Cross Sections and Maps that require certification have been prepared by, or under the direction of, and certified by a qualified, registered, professional engineer, with assistance from experts in related fields when needed. Cross Sections and Maps will be updated as needed or required by the Division. Listed below are some of the maps and cross sections that have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer.

- 512.110.** A map showing the extent of known existing mine workings and the approximate year mined has been included and certified by a qualified registered professional engineer and included as Plate 5-1.
- 512.120.** All Surface facilities (temporary and long-term) and operations are shown on the appropriate maps, and have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer.
- 512.130** Maps showing final surface configuration with cross sections have been included and certified by a qualified registered professional engineer. (See Plate 5-6, 5-7c, and Appendix 5-4)
- 512.140** Appropriate hydrology drawings and cross sections have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer. (See Chapter 7)
- 512.150** Geologic cross sections and maps that are required to be certified, have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer. See Chapter 6 and Plate 7-1B.
- 512.200** Plans and Engineering Designs which may include: Excess spoil piles, durable rock fills, coal mine waste, impoundments, primary roads and variances from approximate original contour. These Plans and Designs have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer if appropriate.
- 512.210** Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, therefore it is anticipated that no excess Spoil will be produced. This section does not apply.
- 512.220** The professional engineer experienced in the design of earth and rock fills has certified that the durable rock fill design will ensure the stability of the fill and that the fill meets design requirements.

- 512.230** The professional engineer experienced in the design of coal mine waste piles has certified the design of the coal mine waste disposal facility. (See Appendix 5-7)
- 512.240** Prudent engineering practices are used in the design and construction of impoundments in the permit area. The impoundment designs have been certified by a qualified registered professional engineer. (See Plates 7-6a and 7-6b)
- 512.250** The professional engineer has certified the design and construction or reconstruction of primary roads as meeting the appropriate design criteria.
- 512.260** The operator is not requesting a variance from the approximate original contours (AOC).

513. Compliance With MSHA Regulations and MSHA Approvals.

- 513.100** Neither Coal processing waste dams nor embankments are anticipated during the term of this permit. Therefore, this section is not applicable.
- 513.200** Planned impoundments and sedimentation ponds do not meet the size or other qualifying criteria of MSHA, 30 CFR 77.216(a). Therefore, this section is not applicable.
- 513.300** Underground development waste transported to the surface, coal processing waste and excess spoil will not be disposed of underground. However, material such as overcast material, rock falls, and slope material, not transported to the surface, may be disposed of underground according to the appropriate MSHA regulations.
- 513.400** Refuse piles meet the requirements of MSHA, 30 CFR 77.214 and 30 CFR 77.215 and all appropriate R645 regulations. (See Appendix 5-7)
- 513.500** Shafts, drifts, adits, tunnels, exploratory holes, entryways or other opening to the surface from the underground will be capped, sealed, backfilled or otherwise properly managed

consistent with MSHA, 30 CFR 75.1711.

- 513.600** Surface water discharges into the underground mine workings is not anticipated or planned, Therefore, this section is not applicable.
- 513.700** Surface mining within 500 feet to an active underground mine is not planned nor anticipated. Therefore, this section does not apply.
- 513.800** Coal mine waste fires plans will be submitted to MSHA and the Division for their approval prior to extinguishing any coal mine waste fires. (See Appendix 5-3)

514. Inspections

All engineering inspections, except the quarterly inspections of impoundments not subject to MSHA, will be conducted by a qualified registered professional engineer or other qualified professional specialist under the direction of the professional engineer.

- 514.100** Lila Canyon is an underground operation and it is not anticipated that any spoil will be produced. Therefore, this section does not apply.
- 514.200** Refuse Piles. A professional engineer or specialist experienced in the construction of similar earth and waste structures will inspect the refuse pile during construction.
 - 514.210** Regular inspections by the engineer or specialist will also be conducted during placement and compaction of coal mine waste materials. If it has been determined that a danger of harm exists to the public health and safety or the environment, more frequent inspections will be conducted. Inspections will continue until the refuse pile has been finally graded and revegetated or until a later time as required by the Division.
 - 514.220** The refuse pile inspections will be performed at least quarterly throughout construction and during the following construction periods:

- 514.221** In addition to quarterly inspections, an inspection will be performed during foundation preparation which includes the removal of all organic material and topsoil;
- 514.222** Since no under-drain or protective filter systems are planned, this section is not applicable.
- 514.223** In addition to quarterly inspections, an inspection will be performed during the installation of the final surface drainage systems.
- 514.224** In addition to quarterly inspections, an inspection will be performed after the final grading and the facility has been revegetated.
- 514.230** The division will be provided a certified report prepared by, or under the supervision of, the qualified registered professional engineer after each inspection. The report will certify that the refuse pile has been constructed and maintained as designed and in accordance with the approved plan and R645 Rules. This report will include statements stating the appearances of instability, structural weakness, and other hazardous conditions if found. (See Appendix 5-1)
- 514.240** Since protective filters and under-drain are not required in the current design criteria this section is not applicable.
- 514.250** Required refuse pile reports will be retained at or near the mine site in an area convenient to the resident agent and the qualified registered professional engineer. Appendix 5-1 is an example of the refuse pile inspection form.
- 514.300** Impoundments
- 514.310** A professional engineer or specialist experienced in the construction of impoundments will inspect impoundments.

514.311 During construction, inspections will be made on a regular basis, and upon completion of the ponds. The inspections will be performed at least yearly. Inspections will continue yearly until the pond is removed or the performance bond is released.

514.312 After each inspection the qualified registered professional engineer will promptly provide to the Division a certified report. This report will state that the impoundment has or has not been constructed and maintained as designed and in accordance with the approved plan and the R645 Rules. The report will include a discussion of any appearances of instability, structural weakness or other hazardous conditions. All so included in the report will be the depth and elevation of any impounded waters, existing storage capacity, any existing or required monitoring procedures and instrumentation and any other aspects of the structure affecting stability.

514.313 Required impoundment inspection reports will be retained at or near the mine site in an area convenient to the resident agent and the qualified registered professional engineer. Appendix 5-2 is an example of the impoundment inspection form.

514.320 Since the pond contained in the Lila Canyon Project is less than 20 feet high and stores less than 20 acre-feet of water, it is not subject to MSHA, 30 CFR 77.216. Therefore, this section does not apply.

515. Reporting and Emergency Procedures.

515.100 If a slide occurs, the operator will telephone DOGM to notify them of the situation and recommend remedial measures to be taken to alleviate the problem. Additional remedial measures required by DOGM will be implemented.

- 515.200** During impoundment inspections, any potential hazards noted will be reported to DOGM, along with measures to be implemented to eliminate the hazard.
- 515.300** In the case of temporary cessation of operations the following will apply:
- 515.310** All provisions of the approved permit will be complied with during temporary cessation or abandonment.
 - 515.311** In case of temporary cessation, the operator will support and maintain all surface access openings to underground operations, and secure surface facilities in areas in which there are no current operations, but operations are to be resumed under an approved permit.
 - 515.312** Since Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section does not apply.
- 515.320** Prior to a temporary cessation of coal mining and reclamation operations which is expected to last longer than 30 days, or when a temporary cessation is extended longer than 30 days, the operator will submit to the Division a notice of intention to cease or abandon operations. The following will be included in the notice of temporary cessation.
- 515.321** The temporary cessation notice will contain the exact number of surface acres and the horizontal and vertical extent of subsurface strata included in the permit area. In addition, a description of the reclamation activities accomplished and activities such as backfilling, regrading, revegetation, environmental monitoring, underground opening closures and water treatment activities that will continue during the temporary cessation.
- 515.322** Since the Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section does not apply.

516. Prevention of Slides: Since the Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section does not apply.

520. Operation Plan.

At first glance it would appear to a non-mining person that the best access to UEI's leases would be from the existing (sealed) Horse Canyon portals using the current Horse Canyon surface disturbance. However, the existing Horse Canyon site is not suitable for a large longwall operation. The old Horse Canyon Mine was not designed to produce 4.5 million tons as will be Lila. Some strategic pillars in the old mains were extracted upon retreat preventing any future access. The number of entries in the old works is not adequate for ventilation purposes. Portions of the old mine are flooded preventing reentry. The distance from the old portals to the current leases would result in unacceptable travel times for crews and supplies. Rehabilitating and maintaining an old mine is extremely hazardous and expensive. As a result of the conditions described above it has been determined that new portals at the Lila Canyon site are the most logical and only feasible access to the permittee's coal leases.

Lila Canyon Current Temporary / Long-term Mine Facilities List

Current temporary and long-term structures and facilities are shown on Plate 5-2. The Keyed Mine Facilities from Plate 5-2 are numbered as follows:

Buildings

- 1) Temporary Bath House
- 2) Temporary Office Trailer
- 3) Temporary Office / Shop Building
- 4) Temporary Storage Shed (Wooden)
- 5) Temporary Storage Building (Metal)
- 7) Temporary Office Building
- 9) Temporary Storage Tent with concrete floor
- 22) Temporary Crusher/Screen Building
- 33) Shop / Warehouse Building

Utilities

- | <i>No Number</i> | <i>Mine Substation</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 8) | Potable Water Tank |
| 10) | Power Poles |
| 11) | Electrical Transformer |
| 12) | Overhead Power Transmission Lines |
| 13) | Buried Power Transmission Lines |
| 28) | Electrical Grounding Field |

- 37) Non-Potable Water Storage Tanks
- 40) Concrete Electrical Junction Box
- 41) Temporary Concrete Septic Tank

Mine Facilities

- 14) Rock Dust Silo
- 16) Temporary Underground Reclaim Room
- 17) Temporary Concrete Retaining Wall
- 18) Temporary Loadout Conveyor (48")
- 19) Temporary Loadout MCC Building
- 20) Temporary Loadout Structure
- 21) Temporary Crusher Conveyor (48")
- 23) Temporary Crushed Coal Conveyor (48")
- 24) Temporary Crusher MCC Building
- 25) Temporary Concrete Dozer Trap
- 27) Temporary Concrete Equipment Pad
- 30) Existing ROM Coal Conveyor from Underground (60")
- 31) Steel Portal Canopy Structure
- 32) Concrete Conveyor Bay at Belt Portal
- 34) Mine MCC Building / Electrical Tower
- 35) Backup Ventilation Fans
- 36) Main Mine Ventilation Fan / Electrical Tower
- 39) Chain Link Fencing
- 43) Temporary Conveyor Counterweight Structure
- 44) Jersey Barrier Guard Rails
- 45) Concrete Trash Chute
- 46) Gantry Lift Assembly

Support Facilities

- No Number Mine Facilities Access Road / Truck Loadout Road*
- No Number Rock Slopes*
- No Number Sediment Ponds*
- No Number Slope Access Road / Portal Access Road*
- No Number New Storage Pad*
- No Number New Storage Pad Access Road*
- No Number New Storage Pad Service Road*
- No Number Topsoil Pile*
- 6) Temporary Concrete Walkway
- 15) Temporary Fuel Storage Tanks
- 29) Sediment Pond Spillway Structure
- 42) Temporary Loadout Light Board
- 38) Powder and Cap Magazines

Note: Long-Term Underground Pipes are not shown.

Note: Culvert locations are shown on Plate 7-5.

A description of current temporary and long-term structures and facilities:

BUILDINGS

1) Temporary Bath House

The temporary bath house is shown on Plate 5-2. This complex is made up of interconnected portable structures (trailers and metal intermodal structures) and a concrete and wood-framed shower area. Shower and toilet facilities for all male employees are at this location. Female employees utilize a separate, nearby temporary trailer for showers and toilet facilities (see #2 below). The bath house provides a location for underground miners to change from clean street clothes to clothing suitable for underground use. The area provides showers for employees for use after their scheduled work shifts so they can clean up prior to returning home. The trailers and metal intermodal structures rest upon stacked concrete blocks for stability and leveling purposes. Once the long-term bath house (~~per Plate 8-1~~) is constructed, the temporary bath house and all supporting structures will be removed.

2) Temporary Office Trailer

The temporary office trailers are prefabricated, self-contained, modular trailers, similar to those often seen on construction sites. The trailers can be moved using a vehicle with a tow hitch. Each trailer typically contains two (2) or three (3) offices and one (1) restroom. Each trailer is equipped with a waste water storage tank for the rest room. The waste water storage tank is emptied on a regular basis. One (1) temporary office trailer has been modified to provide shower and toilet facilities for female employees similarly to the temporary bath house (see #1 above). The office trailers are used by mine personnel in support positions to mine operations. Multiple trailers are currently used. The locations of these trailers are shown on Plate 5-2. Once long-term office areas are constructed, the temporary office trailers and all supporting structures will be removed.

3) Temporary Office / Shop Building

The Temporary Office / Shop Building is shown on Plate 5-2. The building is a prefabricated metal building on a concrete foundation system, with a 4" thick concrete floor slab. The building is split down the middle width-wise with one side being the shop area, and the other office space for mine

personnel in support positions to mine operations. The shop area is used to perform minor equipment repairs. The building measures approximately 30' by 62'. Once long-term offices and the long-term Shop/Warehouse have been constructed, the temporary office / shop building will be raised. A temporary shop structure will be assembled on the Temporary Storage Pad and is located on Plate 5-2 As-Built Surface Facilities. This structure will consist of a 40'x60' tent, similar to the storage tent already on site, and two conex trailers. There will be [no a 40'x40'x8"](#) concrete pad underneath it.

4) Temporary Storage Shed (Wooden)

The temporary wooden storage shed measures approximately 10' by 20' by 8' high, with a wooden floor structure. The shed is used to store various equipment and supplies needed for mine operations. Multiple sheds are currently used. The locations of these sheds are shown on Plate 5-2. Once the long-term Shop/Warehouse has been constructed, the temporary storage sheds will be removed.

5) Temporary Storage Building (Metal)

The temporary metal storage building is a prefabricated, metal, intermodal container used for storage. These structures are sometimes referred to as "conex containers." The containers are typically 20' to 40' long by 8' wide by 8.5' high. These structures are used to store various equipment and supplies needed for mine operations. The metal storage structures typically provide a higher level of security than do wooden sheds. Multiple metal storage buildings are currently used. The locations of these buildings are shown on Plate 5-2. Once the long-term Shop/Warehouse has been constructed, the temporary storage buildings will be removed.

7) Temporary Office Building

The temporary office / storage building is shown on Plate 5-2. The office space is used by mine personnel in support positions to mine operations. The building measures 20' by 12' by 10' high. The building is a wood frame on a concrete foundation. The floor is a 4" thick concrete slab. Once the long-term office areas and Shop/Warehouse have been constructed, the temporary office building will be razed.

9) Temporary Storage Tent with Concrete Floor

The temporary storage tent is constructed of an arched metal wall/roof structure covered with a canvas overlay. The tent rests on a 6" concrete floor slab. Two tents are currently in use at the mine site. One tent measures 30' by 30'. The other measures 70' by 48'. The tents are used to store large wares and supplies needed for mining operations that need some protection from the weather. The temporary storage tents with concrete floors are shown on Plate 5-2. Once the long-term Shop/Warehouse has been constructed, the temporary storage tents and associated concrete floor slabs will be removed.

22) Temporary Crusher / Screen Building

The temporary crusher / screen building is shown on Plate 5-2, and houses the screen and crusher assemblies. The screen assembly sorts the coal as it enters the building, via the temporary crusher conveyor (see #21 below), between the larger lump sizes that need to be crushed (2"-8" in size) and the smaller nuggets that do not need to be crushed (less than 2" in size). The crusher assembly reduces the larger 2" to 8" sized coal lumps to nuggets measuring less than 2" in size. The coal that is now 2" or less in size falls onto the crushed coal conveyor (see #23 below) and exits the building. The building itself is constructed of a wide flange steel frame and rests on a 12" thick monolithic concrete slab base. The building measures approximately 48' by 22', and stands approximately 58' at its peak. The temporary crusher / screen building has been constructed to meet MSHA regulations. Once the long-term coal handling facilities have been constructed, the temporary crusher / screen building will be razed.

33) Shop / Warehouse Building

The shop / warehouse building is shown on Plate 5-2 ~~and 8-1~~. This building will be a long-term structure used to repair machinery and vehicles associated with mine operations, and shall store various wares associated with mine operations. The building will be 120 feet long by 60 feet deep. The roof will be sloped for drainage. The facility will be approximately 36 feet high at the peak of the roof. The building will be constructed of a poured concrete footing and foundation system and floor. The walls and roof will be of pre-fabricated steel. Several roll-up type overhead doors will allow vehicles to enter the building for repair and maintenance. One bay will have overhead doors on the front and rear of the building to allow trucks to enter the building on one side, load or off load wares or equipment, then exit the building through the opposite side of the structure. The building will also house a large capacity overhead crane that will be used to lift heavy objects and equipment. This structure will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed at the time of final reclamation.

UTILITIES

Mine Substation

The mine substation is shown on Plate 5-2, and provides power to surface and underground areas of the mine property. The substation includes approximately four transformers setting on a concrete pad approximately 20' by 20' by 12" and fully fenced. The total fenced area of the substation is approximately 215' by 112'. Power is fed into the transformers at 138 KVA and will be transformed down to usable voltages for both the surface and underground facilities. It is anticipated that voltages of 110V, 220V, 440V will be used on the surface, and 12,470 volts will be

utilized underground. The mine substation is constructed to fulfill all appropriate MSHA regulations. The Mine Substation will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed during final reclamation.

8) Potable Water Tanks

The potable water tanks are shown on Plate 5-2. Potable water is purchased off-site and is transported to the mine site via tanker truck, which in turn fills the tanks. The potable water is stored in one 15' diameter by 20' high metal tank and two (2) 20' by 8' by 8' high conex-type cubic tanks. Water from these tanks are used for toilets and showering in the temporary bath house (see #1 above). The round tank is set on a 15' by 15' concrete pad designed for adequate support of the tank. The cubic tanks are self-contained and rest on native soil. The location of the potable water tanks can be found on Plate 5-2. The potable water tanks will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed during final reclamation.

10) Power Poles

Multiple wooden power poles are utilized throughout the disturbed area. Locations of power poles are shown on Plate 5-2. The power poles are large, upright wooden poles used to support overhead power transmission lines and other wires as needed. The power poles will remain throughout the life of the mine and will be removed during final reclamation.

11) Electrical Transformer

An electrical transformer is used to adjust and transfer electrical energy in electric power applications. Each transformer rests on a 4" thick concrete slab of suitable size to support the weight of the transformer. The transformer feeds various mine facilities. Multiple transformers are currently utilized. Their locations are shown on Plate 5-2. Transformers will be removed as their respective temporary facilities are removed and replaced upon the completion of long-term facilities (~~see Plate 8-4~~).

12) Overhead Power Transmission Lines

Within the disturbed area, both overhead and underground power lines will be utilized. Overhead power lines will be run where underground power lines are not feasible. Vertical power poles (see #10 above) support the overhead lines to provide adequate and safe clearances below the power transmission lines. The overhead power transmission lines have been spaced to protect raptors. As-built drawings will be provided upon completion of the long-term surface facilities. Overhead power lines will remain through the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

13) Buried Power Transmission Lines

Within the disturbed area both overhead and buried power lines will be utilized.

Buried power transmission lines will be run where feasible. All buried power transmission lines will be run in conduits. As-built drawings will be provided upon completion of the long-term surface facilities. Long-term underground power lines will remain throughout the life of the mine. Upon final reclamation, the long-term underground power transmission lines will be abandoned and left in place.

28) Electrical Grounding Field

The electrical grounding field is composed of a grounding grid and rods buried below the soil. The electrical grounding field has been designed and constructed to meet MSHA requirements and regulations. It is used to ground the Mine Substation (see above). The location of the electrical grounding field is shown on Plate 5-2. The electrical grounding field will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed during final

reclamation.

37) Non-Potable Water Storage Tanks

Three non-potable water storage tanks are used to store water for mine-related purposes including dust suppression on roadways and other points as required by the approved Air Quality Order. The location of the non-potable water storage tanks is shown on Plate 5-2. The non-potable water storage tanks will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

40) Concrete Electrical Junction Box

The location of the concrete electrical junction box is shown on Plate 5-2. The concrete electrical junction box is a buried 6' by 6' by 6' concrete box with 6" thick walls, top and floor. A steel manhole allows access to the interior of the box. Within the junction box, high-voltage connections are made that allow power to be transferred from the Mine Substation to the overhead power lines. The concrete electrical junction box will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

41) Temporary Concrete Septic Tank

The temporary concrete septic tank facilitates the existing employees working on rotating shifts. The tanks are used in conjunction with the tanks that are a part of the bath house trailer (see #1 above) and other temporary office trailers (see #2 above). The tanks will be pumped out regularly. Multiple tanks are currently used. The locations of these tanks are shown on Plate 5-2. The temporary concrete septic tanks will be removed upon the completion of the long-term office areas and long-term bath house facilities.

MINE FACILITIES

14) Rock Dust Silo

The Rock Dust Silo is a tower silo used to store bulk rock dust for use within the mine. Rock dust is used to reduce the combustible fraction of coal dust in the air within the mine. The silo is constructed of a steel container supported by a steel frame on a concrete foundation with a 6" thick concrete pad and apron. The rock dust silo will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed during final reclamation.

16) Temporary Underground Reclaim Room

The temporary underground reclaim rooms form a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The reclaim rooms are buried concrete and steel structures, measuring approximately 20' by 17' by 17' high. The floor, roof, and all walls, except one (1) wall, are constructed of steel reinforced concrete. The remaining wall is constructed of plate steel and steel angles, with an opening for a tubed conveyor structure. The roof of the structure has an opening and gate that allows coal to fall from the bottom of the stockpile above onto a conveyor belt for transportation to either the Crusher Building or Loadout Structure. Two (2) temporary underground reclaim rooms are currently in use. These structures are shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handline facilities' construction, the rooms will be filled with rocks and other backfill material, then left in-place after final reclamation.

17) Temporary Concrete Retaining Walls

The temporary concrete retaining walls form a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The walls are constructed of steel reinforced concrete, and provide support for conveyor assemblies emanating from the temporary underground reclaim rooms (see #16 above), and prevent coal stockpiles from encroaching into unwanted areas. Two (2) temporary concrete retaining walls are currently in use. Steel wide-flange posts will be embedded into the concrete wall, extending up from the retaining walls adjoining the concrete dozer trap (see #25 below) in the event that more coal storage capacity is required above the dozer trap. In this event, steel plates will be welded to the steel posts to extend the height of the retaining wall in this area. These structures are shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary concrete retaining walls will be razed.

18) Temporary Loadout Conveyors (48")

The temporary loadout conveyors are a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The temporary loadout conveyors move

crushed coal from the temporary underground reclaim room (see #16 above) and concrete dozer trap (see #25 below) below the crushed coal storage pile to the top of the temporary loadout structures (see #20 below) in order to fill coal haulage trucks. Two (2) loadout conveyors (#1 and #2) will be utilized. The conveyors will transport coal to the Temporary Loadout #1 and #2 respectively. The conveyor structures are steel frameworks running 48" conveyor belts. A large portion of conveyor #1 is contained within a 9' diameter steel plate tube that extends underground to the temporary underground reclaim room (see #16 above). Conveyor #2 extends from the temporary concrete dozer trap (see #25 below). The temporary loadout conveyors are shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary loadout conveyors will be removed.

19) Temporary Loadout MCC Building

The temporary loadout MCC building is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The building is the Motor Control Center (MCC) for the temporary loadout conveyor #1 (see #18 above). The structure is a steel plate building measuring approximately 6' by 16' by 8' tall. The electrical control for the conveyor motor and other electrical components for the temporary loadout assembly #1 are housed within the MCC building. The temporary loadout MCC building is shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary loadout MCC building will be removed.

20) Temporary Loadout Structures

The temporary loadout structures are a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. Two (2) temporary loadout structures will be utilized (#1 and #2). The loadout structures are wide flange steel-framed structures on concrete foundation systems, with 6" thick concrete pads and aprons. The MCC (similar to #19 above) for conveyor #2 (see #18 above) is located atop temporary loadout #2. The tops of the structures also support the motors that drive the respective temporary loadout conveyors #1 and #2 (see #18 above). Coal is transferred, via the temporary loadout conveyors, from the crushed coal stockpile to the top of the loadout structures, where it falls through a spreader assembly into coal haulage trucks below for delivery off-site. The temporary loadout structures are shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary loadout structures will be removed.

21) Temporary Crusher Conveyor

The temporary crusher conveyor is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The temporary crusher conveyor conveys coal from

the temporary underground reclaim room (see #16 above) below the ROM coal stockpile to the temporary crusher / screen building (see #22 above) for sorting and crushing. The conveyor structure is a steel framework running a 48" conveyor belt. A portion of the conveyor is contained within a 9' diameter steel plate tube that extends underground to the temporary underground reclaim room (see #16 above). The temporary crusher conveyor is shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary crusher conveyor will be removed.

23) Temporary Crushed Coal Conveyor (48")

The temporary crushed coal conveyor is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The temporary crushed coal conveyor conveys coal from the temporary crusher / screen building (see #22 above) that has been sorted and crushed on the Upper Pad to the crushed coal stockpile on the Middle Pad. The conveyor structure is a steel framework, supported by steel bents on concrete foundations, running a 48" conveyor belt. The temporary crushed coal conveyor is shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary crushed coal conveyor will be removed.

24) Temporary Crusher MCC Building

The temporary crusher MCC building is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The building is the Motor Control Center (MCC) for the temporary crusher / screen building (see #22 above). The structure is a steel plate building measuring approximately 6' by 16' by 8' tall. The electrical control for the conveyor motors and other electrical components for the temporary crusher / screen building are housed within the MCC building. The temporary crusher MCC building is shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary crusher MCC building will be removed.

25) Temporary Concrete Dozer Trap

The temporary concrete dozer trap is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The structure will be composed of concrete walls with a steel roof structure. The wall facing the loadouts (north wall) will be open for the Loadout Conveyor #2 and for access to the equipment housed in the dozer trap. The roof of the structure has an opening and gate that allows coal to fall from the bottom of the stockpile above onto the temporary loadout conveyor #2 for transport Temporary Loadout #2. These structures are shown on Plate 5-2. At the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary concrete dozer trap will be removed.

27) Temporary Concrete Equipment Pad

The temporary concrete equipment pad is a portion of the temporary coal handling facilities for the mine. The pad is a 12" thick, steel reinforced concrete slab. The drive motor and take-up equipment for the temporary crushed coal conveyor (see #21 above) rest upon this concrete pad. The concrete equipment pad is shown on Plate 5-2. The concrete equipment pad will remain until final reclamation, at which point it will be buried with other concrete materials as described in the Reclamation Plan.

30) Existing ROM Coal Conveyor from Underground (60")

The ROM (Run of Mine) coal conveyor from underground is a part of the temporary AND long-term coal handling facilities for the mine. The ROM coal conveyor from underground ties into the coal conveyor system within the underground mine workings to convey mined coal from the working face to the surface. The surface portion of the ROM coal conveyor measures approximately 300' long. The assembly is a steel framework, supported by steel bents on concrete foundations, running a 60" conveyor belt. The ROM coal conveyor from underground is shown on Plate 5-2. The existing ROM coal conveyor from underground will remain through the life of the mine. The alignment and elevation of the conveyor structure are such that when the long-term coal handling system is constructed, the existing ROM coal conveyor structure will be extended to the future ROM coal stacking tube ~~as shown on Plate 8-1.~~ The entire assembly (existing and future) will be removed upon final reclamation.

31) Steel Portal Canopy Structure

A steel portal canopy structure is constructed at each portal of the mine. The canopy consists of steel wide flange posts and beams, and sheathed with steel plate. The canopy structure protects the portals (openings) to the underground workings. The canopies are constructed to meet MSHA regulations. Multiple steel portal canopy structures are utilized for the mine. The locations of the steel portal canopies are shown on Plates 5-2 and 5-2a, and in Appendix 5-9. The steel portal canopy structures will each remain throughout the life of the mine, or until its respective portal is no longer necessary and is sealed and reclaimed; whichever comes first. All remaining steel portal canopy structures will be removed during final reclamation.

32) Concrete Conveyor Bay at Belt Portal

The concrete conveyor bay at the belt portal is a portion of the temporary AND long-term coal handling facilities for the mine. The bay was originally used to house the belt drive for the original ROM conveyor structure, which has since been removed. The concrete conveyor bay now cradles and

supports the westernmost end of the ROM coal conveyor from underground (see #30 above) at the surface. The concrete conveyor bay is shown on Plate 5-2. The concrete conveyor bay will remain in place for the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

34) Mine MCC Building / Electrical Tower

The Mine MCC (Motor Control Center) building is the main hub for electrical power running from the surface to the underground mine workings. Nearly all power to the underground mine equipment runs through this 21' by 12' by 11.5' tall, steel plate building. The Mine MCC building shares a concrete foundation with an electrical tower that is approximately 45.5' tall, and constructed of 10"x10" tube steel. The electrical tower receives overhead power lines extending from the Mine Substation (see above). Some power lines extend to the Main Mine Ventilation Fan (see #36 below), but most power runs to a transformer at the base of the tower, then into the Mine MCC Building for distribution to the underground mine workings. The Mine MCC Building, Electrical Tower and transformer all share a common poured concrete foundation. The Mine MCC Building / Electrical Tower assembly is shown on Plate 5-2. The Mine MCC Building / Electrical Tower will remain through the life of the mine, and the entire assembly and foundation will be removed upon final reclamation.

35) Backup Ventilation Fans

The original ventilation fans for the mine remain in-place on a concrete foundation. These fans are attached to Portal #0. When the main mine ventilation fan (see #36 below) came online, the original ventilation fans became the backup ventilation fans. The backup ventilation fans are 250 horsepower fans that will blow fresh air into the mine's underground workings in the event that the main mine ventilation fan (see #36 below) fails. The backup ventilation fans are shown on Plate 5-2. The backup ventilation fans and their respective concrete foundation will remain in-place through the life of the mine, and will be removed at final reclamation.

36) Main Mine Ventilation Fan / Electrical Tower

The main mine ventilation fan is a 1,500 horsepower blowing fan, located on the ledge that is the exposed top of the Sunnyside Sandstone, at the North Breakout of the underground workings. The fan's purpose is to blow fresh air into the underground mine workings for mine personnel throughout the mine, and to ventilate all open areas within the mine. The fan blows into Portal #2 of the North Breakout. The main mine ventilation fan rests on a poured concrete foundation that it shares with a 35' tall electrical tower, similar to the electrical tower at the Mine MCC Building (see #34 above).

Overhead power transmission lines (see #12 above) extend from the Mine MCC Building/Electrical tower (see #34 above) to provide power for the main mine ventilation fan. The main mine ventilation fan and associated concrete pad and electrical tower have been constructed to meet MSHA regulations and requirements. The location of the Main Mine Ventilation Fan is shown on Plate 5-2. The fan, electrical tower and concrete foundation will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

39) Chain Link Fencing

Six foot high chain-link fencing has been, and will be installed as shown on Plate 5-2. The fencing will be constructed to protect the public and wildlife from the Mine Substation (see above) and along sections of County Road RS-2477, along the western edge of the permit boundary. The fencing will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

43) Temporary Conveyor Counterweight Structures

The temporary conveyor counterweight structures add weight to conveyor belts to keep them taut during operation. The Temporary Loadout Conveyors (see #18 above) and the Temporary Crusher Conveyor (see #21 above) each have a temporary conveyor counterweight structure. The structure is constructed of a steel framework that guides the counterweight for the respective conveyor. The structure rests on a 12" thick, steel reinforced concrete slab. The locations of the temporary conveyor counterweight structures are shown on Plate 5-2. Upon the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary conveyor counterweight structures will be removed.

44) Jersey Barrier Guard Rails

A Jersey Barrier is a prefabricated, modular concrete barrier used to guide vehicular traffic and minimize damage in cases of incidental contact. When placed end-to-end, these barriers prevent vehicles from running off designated roadways. Jersey barrier guard rails are installed according to MSHA requirements. The locations of the jersey barrier guard rails are shown on Plate 5-2. The jersey barrier guard rails will be utilized throughout the life of the mine and will be removed upon final reclamation.

45) Concrete Trash Chute

The concrete trash chute is used for deposition and storage of trash until the refuse can be hauled to a nearby State-approved solid waste disposal area (landfill). The trash chute is constructed of concrete walls and floor; open at one end to allow for vehicles to dump and remove trash as necessary. Chain

link fencing will be stretched horizontally across a portion of the top of the chute to prevent the wind from blowing lighter pieces of trash out of the enclosure. The location of the Concrete Trash Chute is shown on Plate 5-2. The concrete trash chute will remain through the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

46) Gantry Lift Assembly

The Gantry Lift Assembly is a stationary assembly consisting of two (2) lifting crane structures, working together to lift heavy equipment and machinery from a trailer that cannot be lifted by other equipment (i.e. a forklift or other mobile machinery). Each of the lifting crane structures is rated for forty (40) tons. A set of two poured, steel reinforced concrete footing and foundations will support the legs of both crane structures. Each footing and foundation assembly will extend approximately forty (40) feet in length. The location of the Gantry Lift Assembly is shown on Plate 5-2. The Gantry Lift Assembly will remain through the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

SUPPORT FACILITIES

Mine Facilities Access Road / Truck Loadout Road

The mine facility road, shown on Plate 5-2, begins at the edge of County Road 164 (Lila Canyon Road), and allows for access to the Lower Pad and the temporary loadout structure (see #20 above). The road has been located in the most practical location taking into consideration grade, stability, and alignment. Employees will use this road to access the office & bathhouse facilities on the Lower Pad. Coal haul trucks use this road to access the temporary truck loadout (see #20 above) on the Middle Pad. All supplies will be hauled on a short portion of this road from the Lower Pad and Storage Area Pad to the slope access road. The road is paved with crushed granite and is regularly watered with a sprinkler system in order to minimize dust and provide a good surface for heavy truck traffic, as well as facility access. The facility access road is approximately 30' wide to provide for two-lane traffic, and has the appropriate drainage controls to insure long term life and low maintenance. The road has been constructed according to the appropriate R645-534 and R645-527 regulations. The road will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

Rock Slopes

Access to the underground workings of the Lila Canyon Mine is provided through two rock slopes driven from the top of the Mancos shale, sloping up to the intersection of the coal seam. One portal provides access for men, equipment and material to the mine. The second access slope contains the

underground portion of run-of-mine belt line that attaches to the existing ROM Coal Conveyor from Underground at the surface (see #30 above) that transports mined coal to the run of mine stock pile at the Upper Pad. The two rock slopes incline upward at approximately 12%, from a starting elevation of approximately 6150'. The intersection of the coal seam and the rock slope takes place at approximately the 6,300 feet elevation. The lengths of the slopes were minimized by taking advantage of the coal seam dip which is approximately 12% to the east. The rock material removed from the slopes has been used as fill material for the pads of the surface facilities. The rock slope material / underground development waste contains mostly shale, sandstone and mudstone. Small traces of coal may be found, but the amount is insignificant. There are no known coal seams or significant rider seams found below the Sunnyside Seam in the Lila Canyon Portal Area. The rock slope and rock slope material fill locations are shown on Plate 5-2. The rock slopes will be sealed at the portals according to MSHA regulations at the completion of mining operations, and reclaimed per the Reclamation Plan.

Sediment Ponds

The sediment ponds have been designed to provide for adequate sediment protection for the project area. Surface water running off disturbed areas will be routed into the sediment ponds. The sediment ponds have been designed according to the appropriate R645 regulations, and the designs can be found in Appendix 7-4, and Plates 7-6a and 7-6b. Because the sediment ponds do not meet the requirement of 30 CFR 77.216(a), an MSHA number for the sediment ponds is not required. Sediment Pond #1 is located on the southwest corner of the property. Sediment Pond #2 is located on the northwest corner of the property. Both ponds are shown on Plate 5-2. Please refer to Chapter 7 for detailed information on drainage reporting to both ponds. Both sediment ponds will remain through the life of the mine, and will be removed during final reclamation according to the approved reclamation plan.

Slope Access Road / Portal Access Road

The slope access road connects to the facility access road near the northeast corner of the Middle Pad, and follows an alignment that takes into consideration grade and direct access. The slope access road is used to provide access to the rock slopes (see above), which in-turn provides access to the underground workings. The slope access road is used as access for all men, material and equipment needed within the mine. Since the slope access road provides for frequent access for men, equipment and materials for a period of six months or longer, the slope access road is classified as a primary road and will be paved. The slope access road has been designed, constructed, and maintained according to appropriate R645 regulations. The

slope access road is shown on Plate 5-2. The slope access road will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed during final reclamation.

New Storage Pad

A new supply and materials storage pad will be constructed directly south of the Mine Substation (see above), but within the existing disturbed boundary line as shown on Plate 5-2. The new pad will be constructed similarly to the existing Lower, Middle and Upper Pads (see Chapter 2, Section 232.500), with a gravel covering. The new storage pad is needed so large trucks delivering and/or collecting materials and supplies will not congest the parking and supply areas already in-place on the Lower Pad, or interfere with the Mine Facilities Access Road / Truck Loadout Road (see above) and trucks preparing to load coal or loaded trucks hauling coal from the mine site. Moving the delivery trucks to the new storage pad will reduce vehicular congestion, and decrease the possibility of accidents resulting from said congestion. The new storage pad will be utilized throughout the life of the mine, and will be reclaimed per the Reclamation Plan.

New Storage Pad Access Road

The new storage pad access road will extend from the Middle Pad to the New Storage Pad (see above), which lies just south the Mine Substation (see above). The new storage pad access road will be used to provide access between the two pads for mine personnel, equipment and supplies. Since the new storage pad access road will provide access for men, equipment and materials for a period of six months or longer, the new storage pad access road is classified as a primary road, and will be paved. The new storage pad access road has been designed and will be constructed and maintained according to appropriate R645 regulations. The new storage pad access road is shown on Plate 5-2. The new storage pad access road will remain throughout the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

New Storage Pad Service Road

The new storage pad service road, shown on Plate 5-2, will begin at the edge of County Road 164 (Lila Canyon Road), and will allow for access to the new storage pad (see above) directly south of the Mine Substation (see above). The first approximately 350 feet of the new storage pad service road from County Road 164 (Lila Canyon Road) will be a reworking of the existing County Road RS-2477. The new storage pad service road will then continue to the new storage pad (see above). The new storage pad service road will be approximately 30 feet wide and provide access for trucks to deliver and/or collect supplies, materials or equipment related to mine activities, without increasing congestion on the mine facilities access road / truck loadout road (see above). Since the new storage pad service road will provide access for

men, equipment and materials for a period of six months or longer, the new storage pad service road is classified as a primary road, and will be paved. The new storage pad service road has been designed and will be constructed and maintained according to appropriate R645 regulations. The new storage pad service road is shown on Plate 5-2. The new storage pad service road will be removed during the course of construction of the long-term coal handling facilities. The portion of the new storage pad road that lies along the existing County Road RS-2477 may remain or be reclaimed. The BLM and Emery County will be consulted when appropriate, and the Division will be advised as to the course of action for the roadway (remain or be reclaimed). Access to the new storage pad (see above) will be rerouted through the new truck loadout road when the long-term truck loadout road is completed. When this happens, the existing truck loop will become the new truck loading/unloading area [per Plate 8-1](#) for the future warehouse on the Upper Pad.

Topsoil Pile

The topsoil pile has been located on the southwest end of the surface facilities. The pile has been designed to contain adequate topsoil for redistribution according to the reclamation plan found in Chapter 5. The proposed location provides for good protection from wind contamination, as well as protection from mine related activities. The location of the topsoil pile is shown on Plate 5-2. The topsoil will be redistributed across the disturbed area according to the mine reclamation plan.

6) Temporary Concrete Walkway

Temporary concrete walkways have been constructed at temporary buildings, the temporary bath house (see #1 above) and temporary office trailers (see #2 above). The walkways are generally 6' wide by 4" thick. The locations of the temporary concrete walkways are shown on Plate 5-2. The temporary concrete walkways will be removed as their respective temporary buildings are removed.

15) Temporary Fuel Storage Tanks

The temporary locations of the fuel storage tanks are on the Middle Pad as shown on Plate 5-2. The tanks are bulk fuel storage tanks containing gasoline or diesel fuel for mine vehicles. The tanks are supported by steel legs above integral steel secondary containment basins. Upon completion of the long-term surface facilities' construction, the fuel tanks will be relocated to their long-term location on the Upper Pad, ~~as shown on Plate 8-1~~. The fuel tanks will remain in their long-term locations for the life of the mine, and will be removed upon final reclamation.

29) Sediment Pond Spillway Structure

As shown on Plate 5-2, and in Chapter 7, Sediment Ponds #1 and #2 each have a spillway structure constructed of corrugated metal pipe to allow for surplus water to exit the respective pond. Each spillway is equipped with an oil skimmer structure. See Plates 7-6a and 7-6b for detailed drawings. The sediment pond spillway structures will remain throughout the life of the mine and will be removed during final reclamation.

38) Powder and Cap Magazines

Powder and cap magazines will be mobile, temporary, and supplied by the explosive distributor. Upon reclamation, the powder and cap magazines will be returned to the distributor.

42) Temporary Loadout Light Board

The temporary loadout light board consists of a free standing metal post pedestal with traffic control lights for the temporary loadout structure (see #20 above). The pedestal is mounted upon a steel reinforced concrete pad. The lights provide information to coal haul truck drivers as coal is loaded into their trucks at the temporary loadout structure. The temporary loadout light board location is shown on Plate 5-2. Upon the completion of the long-term coal handling facilities' construction, the temporary light board and concrete support pad will be removed.

Long-Term Underground Pipes

The locations of the long-term underground pipes have yet to be determined. Once detailed engineering design is completed, the underground pipes will be added to Plate 5-2, or other appropriate plates as required. Long-term underground pipes will be abandoned and left in place upon final reclamation.

Culverts

A complete list and design for the culverts can be found in Appendix 7-4, Tables 9 and 10; and are shown on Plate 7-5. A summary of the culverts follows:

<u>Culvert</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Size</u>
DC-1	72'	24"
DC-2	60'	18"
DC-3	65'	18"
DC-4	400'	24"
DC-5	350'	24"
DC-6	107'	24"
DC-7	155'	24"
DC-8	167'	24"
DC-9	186'	24"

DC-10	60'	24"
DC-11	101'	24"
DC-12a	140'	24"
DC-12b	79'	24"
DC-12c	357'	24"
DC-12d	9'	24"
DC-13	60'	24"
DC-14	40'	24"
DC-15	45'	18"
DC-16	25'	18"
DC-17	120'	18"
DC-18	27'	18"
SP2-1	165'	18"
UC-1	480'	60"

As per the approved Air Quality Order and R645-201-534.300, all primary roads will be paved or surfaced with rock, crushed gravel, asphalt or other approved material. Roads and pad areas used by mobile equipment will be treated with water or other dust suppressant. Open stockpiles will be watered as conditions warrant.

- 521.** Included in this section are maps, cross sections, narratives, descriptions and calculations used to satisfy the relevant requirements. This section describes and identifies the lands subject to coal mining and reclamation operations covering the estimated life of the project.

521.100 This application includes the cross sections, maps and plans needed to present the relevant information required by the Division. This information includes the following:

521.110. Plate 5-1 Shows area previously mined and approximate dates of mining.

521.111 Plates 5-1 and 2-2 show the location and extent of known workings of inactive, or abandoned underground mines. The surface portals or mine openings to the surface are shown. Plates 5-1 and 2-2 have been prepared and certified by or under the direction of a registered professional engineer.

Doelling lists several coal mines and mining

activity within or adjacent to the permit area. Doelling lists the Calkins prospect, the Lila Canyon prospect, and the Prentiss prospect. In addition, Doelling lists several coal mines: Prentiss, Utah Blue Diamond, Blue Diamond and Heiner Mines. The research has shown that the Prentiss, Utah Blue Diamond, Blue Diamond and Heiner Mines were engulfed by the Book Cliffs mine. The Lila Canyon prospect refers to the old Lila Canyon mine fan portals used to ventilate the Geneva (Horse Canyon) mine. The Calkins prospect is believed to have been engulfed by the Geneva mine.

An outcrop fire has been detected in an area north of the exiting permit area "A." The fire is off the permit area and located in an area that has been sealed from the old horse canyon works. The outcrop fire is not anticipated to cause any problems with mining at the Lila Canyon Mine.

521.112 No surface mined areas are found within the permit area. Therefore, this section does not apply.

521.120 Three existing structures, a 48" and a 60" CMP culvert located near the new proposed sediment pond, and the Little Park Road can be found at the Lila Canyon Mine. The existing culverts are shown on plate 5-1A and the road on Plate 5-1. Existing Horse Canyon facilities are discussed in part "A" of this plan, and used for historical purposes only.

521.121 There are no buildings within 1000 feet of the proposed permit area, except those used as a part of the Lila Canyon mining operation.

521.122 There are no subsurface man-made features, other than the culverts discussed in 521.200,

- within, passing through, or passing over the proposed permit area.
- 521.123** Plate 4-1, as well as others, shows the existing County Road 126 which is located partly within 100 feet of the proposed permit area. In addition, the Little Park road is located above the surface facilities within the permit area. The Little Park Road is also shown on plate 4-1
- 521.124** There are no known existing areas of spoil, waste, coal development waste, or non-coal waste disposal, dams, embankments, other impoundments, and water treatment and air pollution control facilities, except those used as part of the mining operation.
- 521.125** There are no existing sedimentation ponds, permanent water impoundment, coal processing waste banks or coal processing waste dams near or within the permit area.
- 521.130** Landowner and right of entry maps are included in the permit application. These maps and cross sections show the following:
- 521.131** Plate 4-1 shows the surface ownership and Plate 5-4 shows the coal ownership of land included in or contiguous to the permit area.
- 521.132** The applicant has the legal right to enter and begin coal mining and reclamation operations on all areas shown within the permit area. The permit area is shown on Plates 5-3 and 5-4 as well as others.
- 521.133** Coal mining or reclamation operations are planned within 100 feet of a public road. There are no plans to relocate public roads.
- 521.133.1** Emery County has given permission to conduct coal mining or reclamation

operations within 100 feet of the county road.
(See Appendix 1-4)

521.133.2 The current permit does not propose any relocation of public roads. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

521.140 Mine maps and permit area maps and/or cross-sections will clearly indicate the following:

521.141 Plate 5-1 shows the permit boundary and Plate 5-2 shows the disturbed area boundary. Additional subareas that might require additional permits are addressed in Section 112.800 and 4-1B.

521.142 The underground workings are shown on Plate 5-5.

521.143 The proposed disposal site for placing the slope rock is shown on Plate 5-2 as well as other appropriate plates.

521.150 Plates 6-2, 6-3, and 6-4, show surface contours that represent the existing land surface configuration of the proposed permit area.

521.151 The Plates show the surface contours for all areas to be disturbed as well as over the total permit area. The Plates showing the surface contours have been prepared by or under the supervision of a registered engineer.

521.152 No previously mined areas are included within Part "B." Therefore, this section does not apply.

521.160 The maps, plates, and cross sections associated with this chapter clearly show:

521.161 Proposed buildings, utility corridors, and facilities are shown on Plates 5-2 and 8-1, as

- well as others.
- 521.162** The area of land affected according to the sequence of mining and reclamation is shown on the appropriate plates.
- 521.163** Land for which a performance bond will be posted is shown on the appropriate plate. Plates 5-2 and 8-1, as well as others, show the area for which the performance bond will be posted. All disturbed areas within the permit boundary have been bonded.
- 521.164** Existing coal storage and loading areas are shown on Plates 5-2 and certified as required. Future coal storage and loading areas are shown on Plate 8-1 and certified as required. Additional information can be found in Appendix 5-4.
- 521.165** Topsoil and waste piles are shown on Plate 5-2, as well as others.
- 521.166** The waste disposal areas are shown for non-coal waste and underground mine waste on Plate 5-2.
- 521.167** No explosives are expected to be stored on-site. However, if explosives are stored, they will be stored as discussed in Section 520. on Plate 5-2.
- 521.168** Since Lila Canyon mine is an underground operation, this paragraph is not applicable.
- 521.169** The refuse pile is shown on Plate 5-2 and discussed in Appendix 5-7.
- 521.170** Transportation facility maps describing roads and conveyors maintained within the permit are shown with descriptions of roads, embankments, culverts, and drainage structures are presented in section

520 and are shown on Plates 5-2, 7-2, and 7-5.

- 521.180** Support facilities are described in section 520 and are shown on Plate 5-2. Plate 5-2 is the official disturbed area boundary map.
- 521.190** Other relevant information required by the Division will be addressed.
- 521.200** Signs and markers will:
- 521.210** Signs and markers will be posted maintained, and removed by the person who conducts the coal mining and reclamation operations.
- 521.220** Signs and markers will be of uniform design that can be easily seen and read and be made of durable material and conform to local laws and regulations.
- 521.230** Signs and marker will be maintained during all activities to which they pertain.
- 521.240** Mine and Permit Identification Signs.
- 521.241** Mine and permit identification signs will be displayed at each point of access from public roads to areas of surface operations and facilities on permit areas.
- 521.242** Since Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section is not applicable.
- 521.243** Mine and permit identification signs, where required, will show the name, business address, and telephone number of the permittee and the identification number of the permanent program permit authorizing coal mining and reclamation operations.
- 521.244** Mine and permit identification signs will be retained and maintained until after the release of all bonds for the permit area.

521.250 Perimeter Markers

521.251 The perimeter of all areas affected by surface operations or facilities before beginning mining activities will be clearly marked with perimeter markers.

521.252 Since Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section is not applicable.

521.260 Buffer Zone Markers

521.261 Signs will be erected to mark buffer zones as required and will be clearly marked to prevent disturbance by surface operations and facilities.

521.262 Since Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section is not applicable.

521.270 Topsoil Markers will be erected to mark where topsoil or other vegetation-supporting material is physically segregated and stockpiled.

522. Coal Recovery

Additional Details can be found in the R2P2 on file at the BLM Office.

Effective barrier and pillar designs are essential for safe and productive underground mining. Barrier pillars will be sized according to accepted engineering practices. One or more of the following methods may be used to properly size barrier pillars: Dunn's Rule, the Old English Barrier Pillar Law, Pennsylvania Mine Inspector's Formula, Ash and Eaton Impoundment Formula, Pressure Arch Method, British Coal Rule of Thumb, North American Method, Holland Rule of Thumb, or Holland Convergent Method.

Regardless of the methods or care taken to properly size barrier pillars, the true effectiveness on any design can only be determined by conducting full-scale in-mine performance evaluations. Mine experience and history in the local area will have as much influence on pillar sizes as does the engineering formulas.

Barrier pillars will be utilized to isolate the abandoned Horse Canyon Mine from the new Lila Canyon Mine. Barrier pillars will also be used to simplify ventilation, to provide independent escape routes, and to possibly retain large quantities of mine water. Barrier pillars will be employed along the outcrop in order to maintain ventilation courses.

A barrier pillar, where no second mining will be allowed within the barrier, will be used to protect the escarpments. The width of the escarpment barrier will be determined by implementing a 21.5° angle of draw projected, downward from the surface to the coal seam. Development mining, or first mining, will be allowed within the escarpment barrier.

For longwall mining applications, the abutment loading is of prime importance. Initial longwall pillars will be designed using the ALPS method. Again, mine experience and history in the local area will have as much influence on pillar sizes as does the engineering formulas.

Mine pillars will be sized taking into consideration the coal strength, depth of cover, width and height of pillars, using one or more of the following methodologies: Obert-Duvall, Holand-Graddy, Holland, Salamon-Munro, or Bieniawski. Again, mine experience and history in the local area will have as much influence on pillar sizes as does the engineering formulas.

523. Mining Methods:

Mining will begin in Section 15, T16S, R14E, in the Sunnyside seam. Development of the Sunnyside seam will be in a down dip direction toward the east. The seam will be accessed by two 1,200 foot slopes driven up at 12% from the base of the cliffs.

Production during the first year is estimated to be 200,000 tons. The second through the fifth year production should be between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 using continuous mining methods. If and when tonnage demand increases to justify longwall mining, production could peak as high as 4,500,000 tons a year and continue at that level for the life of the mine.

Mine production will begin with the slope construction. Once the coal is encountered, development will continue using continuous miners and various haulage types. Battery, cable, or continuous haulage may be used in conjunction with continuous miners in development. Continuous miners will account for all the production during the first two to five years. Mining will consist of driving mains, developing room and pillar panels and

gate entries for future longwall mining.

The majority of the second mining will be performed using longwall equipment. However, in isolated areas room and pillar type of mining may be used in areas not suitable for longwall mining. Longwall panels are sited approximately parallel lengthwise to the strike with a slight up dip orientation to provide drainage for the development faces. This practice will be applied to the continuous miner panels wherever possible. (See plate 5-5)

Roof control and ventilation plans will be submitted to MSHA and approved prior to any underground mining activities.

An air quality permit from the State Division of Air Quality has been obtained and will be modified as needed.

Ventilation of the mine will be by an exhaust and/or blowing type system. It has been estimated that 900,000 cfm will be required at full production. Intake air will be supplied by slopes and entries from the surface.

A water supply system will be installed. Potable water from an approved source will be hauled by truck and stored in a mine site storage tank located near the man and coal slope portals. Alternative sources for potable water are being considered. A treatment plant may be indicated. Process water will be hauled from the Price River or other approved source by truck and stored in another mine site storage tank. It is anticipated that once the old two entry development panel is encountered, adequate process water may be obtained from the old works. This process water will provide for dust control, water to the mine and fire suppression. Mine water will be used with the process water. See Appendix 7-3 (PHC) for water usage calculations.

Dust suppression will be accomplished by the use of sprays on all underground equipment as required. Sprays will also be used along sections of the conveyors and at transfer points.

No major de-watering concerns are anticipated at this property. The workings are expected to produce some water with more water being produced as the depth of mining increases. Part of this water will be used for dust suppression. The remainder will be collected in sumps and pumped to mined out sections of the mine or to the surface and treated when necessary.

Underground mining equipment to be used at Lila Canyon is typical of most room-and-pillar and longwall mines. A list of major equipment which may be used underground is listed below. Additional equipment not on the list may be used as needed.

- Continuous Miners
- Roof Bolters
- Battery Shuttle Cars
- Electric Shuttle Cars
- Diesel Ram Cars
- Feeder Breakers
- Continuous Haulage Units
- Battery Scoops
- Diesel Scoops
- Diesel Service Vehicles
- Diesel Material Haulers
- Diesel
- Belts and Terminal Groups
- Battery and Diesel Man Trips
- Longwall Shields
- Longwall Pan-lines
- Longwall Shears
- Longwall Stage-loaders
- Longwall Pumps
- Various Water Pumps
- Various Transformers and Switches
- Rock Drills
- Loaders

523.100 No Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Activities are proposed to be conducted within the permit area within 500 feet of an underground mine. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

523.200 No Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Activities are proposed with 500 feet of an underground mine. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

523.210 No Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Activities are proposed to be conducted within the permit area within 500 feet of an underground mine. Therefore,

this section is not applicable.

523.220 No Surface Coal Mining and Reclamation Activities are proposed to be conducted within the permit area within 500 feet of an underground mine. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

524. Blasting and Explosives: Surface blasting activities incident to underground coal mining are planned for the Lila Canyon mine during construction of the access slopes only.

524.100 Steps have been taken to achieve compliance with the blaster certification program and are described in this permit application.

524.110 Surface blasting involving 5 lbs. of explosives or more will be done under the direction of a certified blaster.

524.120 Blasting certificates will be carried by the blasters or will be on file at the permit area during blasting operations.

524.130 The blaster and at least one other person will be present at the firing of a blast.

524.140 Persons responsible for blasting operations at a blasting site will be familiar with the blasting plan, if required, and site-specific performance standards and give on-the-job training to persons who are not certified and who are assigned to the blasting crew or assist in the use of explosives.

524.200 Since the planned blasting does not meet the requirements of 524.211 or 524.212, a blast design is not included in the permit application. If, in the future, blasting falls under section 524.200, then a plan will be submitted to Division for approval.

524.210 Since the planned blasting does not meet the requirements of 524.211 or 524.212, anticipated

blast designs are not required.

- 524.300** Since planned blasting requires more than 5 lbs. of explosives, the preblasting survey is addressed where applicable in this permit application.
- 524.310** There are no dwellings or other structures located within one-half mile of the permit area owned by anyone but the operator. The operator will prepare the preblast survey if required. Notification procedures implied in this section are not applicable.
- 524.320** Since the operator is the only owner of structures and no dwelling exists within one-half mile of any part of the permit area, this section is not applicable.
- 524.330** Because the operator is the only owner of structures or dwellings within one-half mile of any part of the permit area, this section is not applicable.
- 524.340** Because the operator is the only owner of structures or dwellings within one-half mile of any part of the permit area, this section is not applicable.
- 524.350** Because the operator is the only owner of structures or dwellings within one-half mile of any part of the permit area, this section is not applicable.
- 524.400** The blast schedule is as follows:
- 524.410** Since there are no residents within one-half mile of the projected blasting site, this section does not apply.
- 524.420** All surface blasting will be conducted between sunrise and sunset, unless nighttime blasting is approved by the Division.
- 524.430** Since there are no residents within one-half mile of the projected blasting site, this section does not apply.
- 524.440** Since there are no residents within one-half mile of

the projected blasting site, a flexible blasting schedule is allowable. Surface blasting may take place anytime during daylight hours, unless approved differently by the Division.

- 524.450** Because of the remote location of the Lila Canyon Mine, over six miles from the nearest locality (Columbia), this section does not apply.
- 524.460** Since the town of Columbia is the nearest locality and is over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.
- 524.500** The blasting signs, warnings and access control are described below.
- 524.510** Blasting signs will meet the specifications of R645-301-521.200. The following will apply.
- 524.511** Signs reading "Blasting Area" will be conspicuously placed at the point where any road provides access to the blasting area.
- 524.512** The signs posted at all entrances to the permit area from public roads, or highways will be placed in a conspicuous location and will state "Warning! Explosives in Use," and will clearly list and describe the meaning of the audible blast warning and all clear signals that are in use.
- 524.520** Audible warning and all-clear signals of different character or pattern will be given. Each person within the permit area will be trained in the meaning of the signals.
- 524.530** Access within the blasting area will be controlled until the operator has reasonably determined the following:
- 524.531** No unusual hazards, such as imminent slides or undetonated charges, exist; and

524.532 Access to and travel within the blasting area can be safely resumed.

524.600 Adverse blasting effects are described as follows:

524.610 Blasting will be conducted to prevent injury to persons, damage to public or private property outside the permit area, adverse impacts on any underground mine, and change in the course, channel, or availability of surface or ground water outside the permit area.

524.620 Airblast Limits

524.621 Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.

524.622 Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.

524.630 Monitoring: Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.

524.640 Ground Vibration: Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.

524.650 Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.

524.660 Since all structures are either owned by the

- permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.
- 524.670** Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.
- 524.680** Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.
- 524.690** Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, sections 524.620 through 524.632 and 524.640 through 524.680 do not apply.
- 524.700** Records of blasting operations will be maintained at the mine site for at least three years, and will be available for inspection by the Division or the public.
- 524.710** Blasting records will include:
- 524.711** The name of the operator will be on the blasting record.
- 524.712** The location, date, and time of the blast will be recorded on the blasting record.
- 524.713** The name, signature, and certification number of the blaster will be recorded on the blasting record.
- 524.720** Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, this section does not apply.
- 524.730** Weather conditions will be recorded on the blasting record.

- 524.740** A record of the blast will include the following:
- 524.741** The type of material blasted will be recorded on the blasting records.
 - 524.742** Sketches of the blast pattern including number of holes, spacing, burden, decks, and delay pattern will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.743** The diameter and depth of holes will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.744** The type of explosives used will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.745** The total weight of the explosives used per hole will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.746** The maximum weight of explosives detonated in an eight-millisecond period will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.747** Information on the initiation system will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.748** The type and length of the stemming will be recorded on the blasting record.
 - 524.749** Mats or other protections used will be recorded on the blasting record.
- 524.750** Since all structures are either owned by the permittee and not leased to another person, or are located over six miles distance from the permit area, a record of seismographic and airblast information is not required.
- 524.760** Since a blasting schedule is not required, this section does not apply.

524.800 The operator will comply with the various appropriate State and Federal laws and regulations in the use of explosives.

525. Subsidence: The permittee will comply with the appropriate R645-301-525 requirements.

525.100 Subsidence Control Plan

525.110 Plate 5-3 shows the location of State appropriated water and Plate 5-3 (Confidential) shows the eagle nests that potentially could be diminished or interrupted by subsidence.

525.120 SUBSIDENCE POTENTIAL

A review of renewable resources in and adjacent to the permit area found resources consisting of ground water, grazing, timber, and recharge areas. Subsidence from underground coal mines has been believed to affect overlying forest and grazing resource lands in the following ways:

- o Formation of surface fissures which intercept near surface soil moisture thus draining the water away from the root zone with deleterious effects.
- o Alterations in ground slope and destabilization of critical slopes and cliffs.
- o Modification of surface hydrology due to the general downward migration of surface water through vertical fractures.
- o Modification of groundwater hydrology including connection of previously separated aquifers, reduction in flows of seeps and springs which rely upon tight aquitards for their flow, and changes in recharge mechanisms.
- o Emissions of methane originating from the coal

seam through open fissures to the surface or at least the base of the surficial soil which has been known to have deleterious effects on woody plants.

Because these renewable resources exist with and adjacent to the permit area, a subsidence control plan is required. This plan is presented in Section 525.400.

A great deal of baseline data is available from many mining settings to develop subsidence damage criteria for surface structures (Bhattacharya et al. 1984). The formation of cracks and fissures are the general effects of subsidence and can have minor deleterious effects on groundwater resources without any fissuring to the surface. In the arid areas of Utah, impacts to and modification of the groundwater regime can be disruption of flow from natural seeps and springs which rely on the permeability contrast of interbedded sandstones and shale for their flows. These water resources are generally near surface occurrences and are essentially surface waters and subject to the same limiting damage criteria as surface water bodies. Subsidence damage to surface water bodies has been studied by a number of workers including Dunrud (1976), Wardell and Partners (1976), and U.S. Bureau of Mines (1977). The result of the Wardell and Partners studies of subsidence effects in a number of countries indicates that the limiting strain for the onset of minor impacts to surface waters is approximately 5×10^{-3} . The SME Mining Engineering Handbook also suggests a limiting extension strain value of 5×10^{-3} for pasture, woodland, range or wildlife food and cover.

Table 10.6.19 in the Mining Engineers Handbook suggests that the minimum safe cover required for total extraction of the coal resources under surface waters is approximately 60 times the seam thickness for coal beds at least 6 feet thick or approximately 450 feet. In their review of the foregoing, Singh and Bhattacharya (1984) recommended that the same limiting safe strain values and cover thickness ratios be used for protecting groundwater resources and recharge areas over coal mines. Where extension strain is greater than this limiting value, it is likely that surface fissures and cracks may develop. As the strain value decreases below the limiting value, the potential for surface damage decreases.

Figure 1 in Appendix 7-3 shows a typical subsidence profile. As

shown in Figure 1, the zones are: a caved zone that occurs in the six to 10 times the thickness of the coal seam, a fractured zone which occurs 10 to 30 times the thickness of the coal seam, and deformation zone which occurs 30 to 60 times the thickness of the coal seam, and finally, a soil zone which occurs on the ground surface. The cover thickness of 1,000 to over 2,000 feet, over most of the mine area is also much greater than the limiting thickness of 630 feet recommended by International Engineers Inc. (1979) (10.5' x 60).

The Lila Canyon mine will be a longwall operation. As projected, 15 longwall panels at various depths will be mined. The longwall panels are laid out with the gate roads running along the strike roughly north-south, which will result in the longwall shear cutting up and down the dip. The depth of cover over the longwall panels approaches but never gets less than 500 feet toward the southwest and increases to over 2500 feet in the northeast. Only three of the 13 planned longwall panels are under less than 1,000 feet of cover. The remaining 10 panels are under 1,000 plus feet of cover. Maximum subsidence is expected to be approximately 9.5 feet in the areas approaching 500 feet of cover and less than 3' in the deeper cover areas. Extension strain varies from 12.4×10^{-3} in the 500 foot cover areas to $.9 \times 10^{-3}$ in the 2,500 foot cover areas. Extension strain values of 5.0×10^{-3} and above occurs in areas of approximately 1000' of cover and less.

A typical longwall panel at the Lila Canyon Mine will have dimensions of approximately 950 feet wide and up to 7,000 feet long and 2,000 feet deep. Using the methods described in the National Coal Board's *Subsidence Engineers' Handbook*, the S/m ratio for this geometry would be 0.38 where "S" is the maximum subsidence and "m" is the seam extraction thickness. For an average seam extraction thickness of 10.5 feet, the total subsidence would be 4.0 feet. However, as described above, the major impacts of this subsidence are due to extension strains and not total vertical subsidence. The prediction of average extension strain is accomplished with the use of the formula:

$$+E = 0.75 S/h \text{ where } S=\text{subsidence, and } h=\text{depth of cover}$$

NOTE: The .75 factor is only an average. The factor changes with various w/h ratios. Figure 15 found in NCB's Subsidence Engineers Handbook takes into account the w/h ratio.

The solution of this equation for the Lila Canyon Mine configuration discussed above produces a predicted, average extension strain of 1.5×10^{-3} which is less than the limiting strain of 5×10^{-3} for protecting surface waters, groundwater sources, pasture, woodland, range or wildlife food and cover. Thus, it is unlikely that the gradual compression expected over much of the subsidence area will have any deleterious effects on the overlying renewable surface resources.

The table below shows the expected subsidence amounts and expected extension strain for longwall panels at various mining depths. These calculations were done for a flat multiple seam mining. There are adjustments for single seam mining and for dipping seams. However, these adjustments are minor and are not expected to result in significant changes in values.

**Maximum
Subsidence
& Expected
Extensive
Strain (NCB
1975)**

	Feet	Meters
Panel Width =	900	274
Seam Height =	10.5	3

Depth of Cover	Width to Depth (a)		NCB Subsidence(S)	NCB Fig. 15 Factor Extension	Strain (E)
<u>Feet</u>	<u>Meters</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Feet</u>	<u>Meters</u>	<u>x 10⁻³</u>
500	152	0.9	9.5	2.9 .65	12.4
1000	305	0.75	7.9	2.4 .66	5.2
1100	335	0.71	7.5	2.3 .68	4.6
1200	366	0.68	7.1	2.2 .70	4.1
1300	396	0.65	6.8	2.1 .70	3.7
1400	427	0.59	6.2	1.9 .75	3.3
1500	457	0.54	5.7	1.7 .78	3.0
2000	610	0.38	4.0	1.2 .82	1.6
2500	762	0.28	2.9	0.9 .80	0.9

The most favored technique until recently has been the use of the empirical charts developed by the National Coal Board (NCB). The above calculations were obtained using the empirical charts developed by the National Coal Board (NCB). Comparisons, as stated in the SME handbook, of US subsidence data with NCB predictions highlight the following differences between coalfields in the US and UK: Most of the studies in the US are limited to the Eastern US coalfields with a very limited data base applicable to western conditions.

With the exception of Illinois, maximum subsidence factors observed in US coalfields are less than predicted by NCB.

The limit (draw angles in the US coalfields tend to be less than the 35

degree value generally accepted by NCB.

The points of inflection of the subsidence profiles over US coal mines are generally closer to the panel centerline compared to the NCB profile. This effect is dependent not only on the percentage of competent strata in the overburden but also on their locations relative to the ground surface and their thickness.

Surface strains and curvatures observed over US longwall panels have been shown to be significantly higher than NCB predictions, almost four times larger in many cases.

The pace at which subsidence occurs depends on many controls including the type and speed of coal extraction, the width, length and thickness of the coal removed, and the strength and thickness of the overburden. Observations of subsidence by Dunrud over the Geneva and Somerset Mines indicate that subsidence effects on the surface occurred within months after mining was completed, and the maximum subsidence was essentially completed within 2 years of the completion of retreat mining.

Dr. Roy Sidle found in his study of Burnout Creek that subsidence impacts to streams are temporary and self healing.

The Sidle Study is representative of the conditions found in the Lila area because:

- the lithology is very similar between the Book Cliffs and the Wasatch Plateau
- the cover thickness ranges from 600 - 800 feet which falls within the range expected at Lila, and
- the seam thickness of 8-10 feet is in the same range expected at Lila.

An Executive Summary of his study and published findings follows:

Title : Stream response to subsidence from underground coal mining in central Utah

5. Authors: Sidle-RC Kamil-I Sharma-A Yamashita-S

Short-term geomorphic and hydrologic effects of subsidence induced by longwall mining under Burnout Creek, Utah were evaluated. During the year after longwall mining, 0.3-1.5 m of subsidence was measured near impacted reaches of the mountain stream channel. The major channel changes that occurred in a 700-m reach of Burnout Creek that was subsided from 1992 to 1993 were: extent glides; (2) increases in pool length, numbers and volumes; (3) increases in median particle diameter of bed sediment in pools; and (4) some constriction in channel geometry. Most of the changes appeared short-lived, with channel recovery approaching pre-mining conditions by 1994. In a 300-m reach of the South Fork drainage that was subsided from 1993 to 1994, only channel constriction was observed, although any impacts on pool morphology may have been confounded by heavy grazing in the riparian reaches during the dry summer of 1994. Similar near-channel sedimentation and loss of pool volume between 1993 and 1994 were noted throughout Burnout Creek and in adjacent, unmined James Creek. Subsidence during the 3-year period had no effect on baseflows or near- channel landslides.

No major impacts of subsidence to the surface, caused by the underground mining methods proposed during the permit term are anticipated.

The coal seam is approximately 12.5 feet thick with only about 10.5 feet being extracted, and the depth of cover ranges from 0' to approximately 2,500'. The rocks overlaying the coal seam are sandstones and mudstones with some thin bands of coal. Due to the strength of the overburden, and depth of workings, even with full seam extraction, only minimal subsidence, if any, is anticipated.

Some surface expressions of tension cracks, fissures, or sink holes may be experienced, but should be insignificant. The chances of subsidence-related damage to any perceived renewable resource is minimal.

All dirt roads above the mine are in areas in excess of 1,000 feet of cover or in areas where mining will not take place. The chance of subsidence negatively effecting these dirt roads is minimal. However, in the unlikely event that cracks, fissures or sink holes are observed as a result of subsidence, the road will remain accessible by regrading and

filling in the cracks, fissures or sinkholes.

The unnamed ephemeral channel in the southwest corner of the permit area is located in an area where no mining is planned or over the top of a bleeder system that will not be second mined. The chance of subsidence negatively effecting this ephemeral channel is minimal. However, in the unlikely event that cracks, fissures or sink holes are observed as a result of subsidence the channel will be regraded and the cracks, fissures or sinkholes will be filled in by hand methods due to its inaccessibility.

A small portion of Little Park Wash, which is ephemeral, has less than 1,000 feet of cover in the southwest corner of the permit area. The portion with less than 1,000 feet of cover runs diagonally across one longwall panel and then parallel to the bleeder system in the second longwall panel. In the unlikely event that cracks, fissures or sink holes are observed as a result of subsidence the channel will be regraded and cracks, fissures or sinkholes will be filled in. Since this stream channel is accessible and is traversable by 4 wheel drive, access for repairs would not be a problem. If any subsidence repairs cannot be fixed using hand methods, small earth moving equipment could be used.

DWR and BLM Wildlife Biologists, in consultation with the Division, have determined that any loss of snake dens to subsidence would be random and a minor impact to the population of snakes.

525.130

A survey was conducted within the proposed permit area and adjacent area and it was determined that limited renewable resource lands exist within the area surveyed. Limited areas were found which contribute to the long-range productivity of water supply or fiber products. No structures exist within the permit area in which subsidence, if it occurred, could cause material damage or diminution for

reasonably foreseeable use. See Plates 5-5 and 5-3 for areas of potential subsidence. Identification and data for the State appropriated water supplies can be found in chapter 7 section 727.

All State Appropriated water rights within the maximum limit of subsidence that could be affected, are either owned by the Operator or by the BLM. The BLM has been notified of the water rights survey by means of the submittal of the permit application.

According to Mark Page (State Water Rights), there is not a water conversation district associated with Lila Canyon Mine.

525.200. Protected Areas

- 525.210.** Since there are no public buildings or other facilities such as churches, school or hospitals, and since there are no impoundments with a storage capacity of more than 20 acre-feet, this section does not apply.
- 525.220.** Since R645-301-525.210 does not apply, this section does not apply.
- 525.230.** Since there are no planned operations under urbanized areas, cities, towns, and communities, or adjacent to industrial or commercial buildings, major impoundments, or perennial streams this section does not apply.
- 525.240.** A detailed plan of the underground workings, including maps and descriptions of significant features of the underground mine, including the size, configuration, and approximate location of pillars and entries, extraction ratios, measures taken to prevent or minimize subsidence and related damage, and areas of full extraction can be found in the R²P² on file with the BLM local and state offices.

525.300. Subsidence control.**525.310.** Measures to prevent or minimize damage.

525.311 No attempt will be made to prevent subsidence in any area except where the escarpment near the outcrop is to be protected and to insure that subsidence remains within the permit area. The use of continuous miners in a pillar section as well as longwall technology provides for planning subsidence in a predictable and controlled manner. Some surface expressions of tension cracks, fissures, or sink holes may be experienced but should be insignificant. The chances of subsidence related damage to any perceived renewable resource is minimal. The value and foreseeable use of the surface lands will not be affected by potential subsidence.

525.312 Since there are no buildings or occupied residential dwellings or structures within the Lila Canyon project area this section does not apply.

525.313 Room-and-pillar mining in addition to longwall methods will be used at the Lila Canyon Mine.

525.400. Since state-appropriated water supplies exist on the surface, 525.400 has been addressed.

525.410 Coal will be removed using a combination of continuous miner and long wall methods as described in sections 522 and 523. Sequence and timing for the development of underground workings are also discussed in sections 522 and 523.

525.420 Plate 5-5 shows the underground workings, and

depicts areas where first mining or partial mining will be utilized to protect the escarpment and raptor nests that may exist on the escarpment, and to insure that subsidence remains within the permit area. State-appropriated water rights are shown on Plates 5-3, 5-5 as well as Plate 7-1.

525.430

No major impacts of subsidence to the surface caused by the underground mining methods proposed during the permit term are anticipated.

The coal seam is approximately 12.5 feet thick with only about 10.5 feet being extracted, and the depth of cover ranges from 0' to approximately 2,300'. The rocks overlaying the coal seam are sandstones and mudstones with some thin bands of coal. Due to the strength of the overburden and depth of workings, even with full seam extraction, only minimal subsidence, if any, is anticipated.

525.440

Aerial subsidence monitoring will be done annually while the significant subsidence is taking place. The subsidence monitoring will be initiated in an area prior to any 2nd mining being done within that area. Initially a 200 foot grid along with baseline photograph will be established prior to any 2nd mining. Approximately 12-16 control points will be needed to cover the total mining area. Six of these points will be located outside of the subsidence zone. The accuracy of this survey will be plus or minus 6" horizontally and vertically. From this data a map will be created that will show subsided areas. Once per year a follow up aerial will be performed to determine the extent and degree of active subsidence. Subsidence monitoring will continue for a minimum of 5 years after the mining ceases. If at the end of the 5 year period the annual subsidence in any of the 3 prior years measures more than 10 percent of the highest annual subsidence amount, subsidence monitoring will continue until there are 3 consecutive years where the annual subsidence amount is less than 10 percent of the highest annual subsidence amount. If for three years in a row the

subsidence is measured to be less than 10% of the highest subsidence year, subsidence will be determined to be complete, and no additional monitoring for that area will be required.

“A ground survey of the mine permit area ‘where secondary extraction has occurred over the last year’ will be conducted in conjunction with the quarterly water monitoring program.” Identified features will be monitored until they are repaired or self-healed. The survey will be conducted on roads, adjacent to stock watering ponds, and in drainage channels where they cross tension areas relative to the underground extraction areas.”

“The results of this survey will be documented quarterly in a written report which provides global positioning co-ordinates as well as the following information;

- A) a description of the identified subsidence related feature,
- B) length, and width measurements, and compass bearing,
- C) dated photographic documentation,
- D) located on a topographic overlay map of the underground disturbed area.
- E) if the feature is determined as significant, the Division will be notified within a 48 hour period.
- F) A written report, compiling the four quarterly reports for the monitoring year, will be submitted as part of the Annual Report required by the Division.
- G) The commitment “to restore the land where subsidence damage has affected the use of the surface” must be revised to read “to restore the land where subsidence damage has been determined as significant enough to require repair, as determined by the Division”.

Two areas of the permit have stream reaches with less than 1,000 feet of cover over the coal seam. As discussed in Section 525.120, it is not envisioned

that subsidence will negatively impact these areas. During periods of 2nd mining under areas of intermittent or perennial streams, a ground survey will be conducted of the stream channels every two weeks. These ground surveys will be continued for a period of 3 months following the 2nd mining.

The ground survey will consist of walking and photographing the various areas of the surface over the mine where subsidence might occur. If evidence of subsidence is identified, the area of subsidence will be surveyed and the extent of the disruption identified. Depending on the extent and location of the damage, mitigation measures will be reviewed and implemented. Due to the fact that mitigation options change with time as new technology and measures are developed, better options may be implemented in the future. However, UEI provides a commitment that where subsidence damage affects uses of the surface, the land will be restored to a condition capable of maintaining the value and reasonable foreseeable uses which it was capable of supporting before the subsidence. The surface effects will be repairs as described in Section 525.500.

525.450 Subsidence control measures.

- 525.451.** No backstowing or backfilling of voids used as a subsidence control measure is planned at this time. Therefore, this section is not applicable.
- 525.452.** Support pillars as a subsidence control measure is not anticipated at this time. However, an area of partial mining where an unmined coal block will be left for subsidence control is shown on Plate 5-5. First mining indicates an area where a block of coal is roomed leaving pillars for support with no mining of the remaining pillars. Partial mining as shown on Plate 5-5 indicates an area where a block of coal has been isolated without the rooms being developed. Both

- first mining and partial mining will leave support that can be used to control subsidence. If the partially mined area shown on Plate 5-5 is ever roomed out, the area now defined as partially mined would become an area defined as being first mined.
- 525.453.** An outcrop barrier of coal will be left to protect the escarpments at the outcrop. As per the R2P2, only first mining will be allowed within 200' of the outcrop. Mains, submains, and ventilation portals will be allowed within the outcrop.
- 525.454** No measures will be taken on the surface to prevent material damage or lessening of the value or reasonable foreseeable use of the surface.
- 525.460.** Anticipated effects of planned subsidence may include tension cracks, fissures, or sink holes. Areas of minimal ground lowering may be anticipated. The chances of subsidence-related damage to any perceived renewable resource is minimal.
- 525.470.** Since no urbanized areas, cities, towns, public buildings, facilities, churches, schools, or hospitals exist within the permit area this section does not apply.
- 525.480.** There are no plans to change or modify the mining plan to protect any springs or seeps. Springs with water rights will be monitored for flow and quality as described in Chapter 7 Section 731.211. UEI has committed to provide for mitigation of any lost water rights as per Chapter 7 Section 727.
- 525.490.** Other information specified by the Division as necessary to demonstrate that the operation will be conducted in accordance with R645-301-525.300 will be provided.

525.500. Repair of damage.

525.510. If effects of subsidence are confirmed, any material damage to the surface lands will be restored to the extent technologically and economically feasible. The land will be restored to a condition capable of maintaining the value and reasonable foreseeable uses which it was capable of supporting before the subsidence.

525.520. Since no structures exist within or adjacent to the permit area which could be damaged by subsidence, should it occur, this section does not apply.

525.530. The Little Park Road exists in the subsidence zone. In the unlikely event the road is damaged by subsidence, UEI will repair the damage as per Section 525.120.

525.600. Public Notice.

At least six months prior to mining, or within that period if approved by the Division, the underground mine operator will mail a notification to all owners and occupants of surface property and structures above the underground workings. The notification will include, at a minimum, identification of specific areas in which mining will take place, dates that specific areas will be undermined, and the location or locations where the operator's subsidence control plan may be examined.

526. A narrative explaining the construction, modification, use, maintenance and removal of the mine facilities follows. Additional information can be found in Appendix 5-4 and Chapter 8.

526.100 Mine Structures and Facilities.

526.110 The only existing structures are found in Horse Canyon (Part "A" of this permit) and are the remains of the United States Steel operation. Horse Canyon has received phase II bond release, and the remaining structures have been left in place for future use. Only three existing structures, a 60" and

a 48" CMP culverts located near the new proposed surface facilities, and the County road on top of Little Park, can be found within the Lila Canyon Permit. The existing culvert is shown on plate 5-1A. The existing road on Little Park can be found on Plate 5-1 as well as most other plates showing the surface area of the Lila Canyon Permit. Several vehicle ways will be used for water and subsidence monitoring. These ways branch off the Little Park Road and generally follow the ephemeral drainages. The ways are shown on Plate 5-1 as well as most other plates showing the surface area of the Lila Canyon Permit. More detail of the existing Little Park Road can be found in Appendix 5-4.

- 526.111** The location of the existing culverts is shown on Plate 5-1A.
- 526.112** Most of the existing 48" culvert is outside the permit boundary and is Emery County's responsibility. UEI will grade the site so that during reclamation and operations surface flows will be directed away from the 48" culvert. The 60" culvert is in poor condition and will be replaced by the County. UEI will add on to the culvert during the operation and reclamation phase. The bottom 30' is the responsibility of the County, the upper portion is the responsibility of UEI.
- 526.113** It is believed that the existing culverts were installed with the road construction around 1940.
- 526.114** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply.
- 526.115** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply. The County road and the culvert within the disturbed area boundary will be modified or

reconstructed by the County.

- 526.115.1.** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply. See Appendix 5-4 for existing road details.
- 526.115.2.** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply. See Appendix 5-4 for existing road details.
- 526.115.3.** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply. See Appendix 5-4 for existing road details.
- 526.115.4.** Since the existing culvert is going to be removed upon construction of the sediment pond, this section does not apply. See Appendix 5-4 for existing road details.

526.116 The only coal mining and reclamation operations that are planned within 100 feet of the County Road are an office complex, sediment ponds, topsoil pile, and security shack. The permit area adjacent to the county road will be fenced to protect the public from the sediment pond and other mine associated buildings. Other than fencing, no additional measures are planned after the construction phase. During construction, measures to control traffic on the County Road will be taken to protect the public from construction related hazards.

- 526.116.1.** A cooperative agreement with Emery County ,as stated in Appendix 1-4,

requires a six foot chain link fence to be constructed adjacent to the Lila Canyon Road to provide safety to the general public in the proximity to the mine site and mine related structures and activities.

526.116.2. At the current time, there are no plans to relocate any public road.

526.200 Utility Installation and Support Facilities.

526.210 All coal mining and reclamation operations will be conducted in a manner which minimizes damage, destruction, or disruption of services provided by oil, gas, and water wells, oil, gas, and coal-slurry pipelines, railroads, electric and telephone lines, and water and sewage lines which may pass over, under, or through the permit area, unless otherwise approved by the owner of those facilities and the Division. Since no existing services are found within the projected disturbed area, no negative impact to any service is anticipated.

526.220 The new support facilities are described in section 520 and in Appendix 5-4 and shown on plate 5-2 and will be operated in accordance with the mine reclamation plan. Plans and drawings for each support facility to be constructed, used or maintained within the permit area are found in Appendix 5-4, Plates 5-7A, 5-7B, and 5-8.

526.221 The new facilities designs shown in Appendix 5-4 prevent or control erosion and siltation, water pollution, and damage to public or private property, and:

526.222 The new facilities designs shown in Appendix 5-4 minimize damage to fish, wildlife, and related environmental values; and minimize additional contributions of suspended solids to

stream flow or runoff outside the permit area to the extent possible by using the best technology currently available.

Islands of undisturbed areas within the permit area will be visually monitored for coal fines deposition. If monitoring reveals coal fine deposition, then water sprays on the area from which the fines are originating will be warranted as per the August 27, 1999 Approval Order.

526.300 Water pollution control facilities consist of sedimentation control and properly designed sewage systems.

The sedimentation control is accomplished by containing all disturbed area runoff in a properly sized sedimentation pond. Complete designs are presented in Appendix 7-4 and on Plate 7-6.

The sewage system will consist of a septic tank and drainfield. Complete designs are presented in Appendix 5-4.

The drain field design and layout are shown on plate 5-2, and details are shown in Appendix 5-4.

526.400 Since Lila Canyon Mine is an underground operation, this section does not apply.

527. Transportation Facilities.

527.100 All new roads within the disturbed area have been classified as primary.

527.110 See Sections 527.120 and 527.130.

527.120 The Slope Access Road / Portal Access Road and the Mine Facilities Road / Truck Loadout Road will be used frequently for access for a period in excess of six months, and or will transport coal. They are classified as primary roads.

527.121 See 527.120 above.

527.122 See 527.120 above.

527.123 Since none of the new roads planned within the disturbed area will be retained for an approved postmining land use, this section does not apply.

527.130 There are no ancillary roads within the disturbed area.

527.200 A detailed design and description for each road, and conveyor to be constructed used, and maintained within the proposed permit area is included in Appendix 5-4. The roads are show on Plate 5-2.

527.210 The specifications for each road width, road gradient, road surface, road cut, fills, embankments culverts, drainage ditches and drainage structures are shown on Plate 5-2 and in Appendixes 5-4 and 7-4.

527.220 Since no alteration or relocation of natural drainage ways is anticipated, this section is not applicable.

527.230 Roads shall be maintained in manner that allows them to meet their design standards throughout their use.

527.240 If any of the roads on the disturbed area is damaged by a catastrophic event, the road will be repaired as soon as practical after the damage has occurred.

527.250 Steep cut slopes or requests for alternative specifications are not anticipated at this time therefore this section does not apply.

528. Handling and Disposal of Coal, Overburden, etc:

A narrative explaining the construction modifications, use, maintenance and removal of coal, overburden, excess spoil and coal mine waste.

528.100 Coal will be mined using continuous miners and longwall equipment. The coal will be transported from the face and deposited on the underground mine belts using shuttle cars or continuous haulage equipment. The coal will be transported by a series of conveyor belts from the section to the run of mine stockpile. The coal will be removed from the run of mine stockpile by a reclaim belt to an enclosed crusher/screen. Once crushed the coal

will be conveyed to a storage bin from which it will be loaded in to coal haul trucks for transportation to a unit train loadout.

- 528.200** Overburden: Lila Canyon is an underground operation, and it is not anticipated that any material that overlays the coal seam, consolidated, or unconsolidated, other than topsoil, will be disturbed. Therefore, this section does not apply.
- 528.300** Spoil, coal processing waste, mine development waste, and noncoal waste removal, handling, storage, transportation, and disposal areas and structures are discussed below.
- 528.310** Excess Spoil: Since Lila Canyon is an underground operation, it is not anticipated that any spoil will be generated. Therefore, this section does not apply.
- 528.320** Coal Mine Waste: All underground development waste brought to the surface will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface. Any oversized coal chunks from the screens will be crushed and put back into the ROM stream. The temporary mine development waste pile and slope rock disposal area are shown on Plate 5-2 and in Appendix 5-7.
- 528.321** Coal processing waste produced from the screen will not be returned to any abandoned underground workings. Any and all of the coal processing waste from the screen will be crushed and reintroduced into the ROM stream for sale.
- 528.322** Refuse Piles. Each pile will meet the requirements of MSHA, 30 CFR 77.214 and 30 CFR 77.215, meet the design criteria of R645-301-210, R645-301-512.230, R645-301-513.400, R645-301-514.200, R645-301-515.200, R645-301-528.320, R645-301-536 through R645-301-536.200, R645-301-536.500, R645-301-536.900, R645-301-542.730, R645-301-553.250, R645-301-746.100, R645-301-746.200, and any other applicable requirements.
- 528.323** Burning and Burned Waste Utilization.
- 528.323.1.** Coal mine waste fires will be extinguished by the person who conducts coal mining and reclamation operations, in accordance with a plan approved by the Division and MSHA. The plan will contain, at a minimum, provisions to ensure that only those persons authorized by the operator, and who have an understanding of the

procedures to be used, will be involved in the extinguishing operations. The coal mine waste fire plan can be found in Appendix 5-3. MSHA approval is not required unless you have an actively burning fire. (Phone conversation with Billy Owens MSHA Denver 5/31/05)

528.323.2. No burning or burned coal mine waste will be removed from the permitted disposal area.

528.330 Noncoal Mine Waste.

528.331 Noncoal mine wastes including, but not limited to, grease, lubricants, paints, flammable liquids, garbage, abandoned mining machinery, lumber and other combustible materials generated during mining activities will be placed and stored in a controlled manner in a designated portion of the permit area. The noncoal mine waste will be placed in dumpsters and emptied on a as needed basis. The designated noncoal waste area (concrete trash chute) is shown on Plate 5-2. Circumstances may arise where equipment must be abandoned underground. If this circumstance arises, the operator must get approval from the BLM and the Division prior to abandoning equipment in place.

UtahAmerican Energy, Inc. is abandoning the current set of 106 DBT longwall shields upon completion of Panel #6. From Panel #7 going forward in the mine plan, a new set of longwall equipment will be installed and utilized for coal extraction. Every component from our current longwall installation including the shearer, pan line, conveyor chain, stage loader, crusher, current belt installation, and associated belting in Panel #6 will be recovered except for the 106 longwall shields. In order to avoid any adverse environmental impacts from the shields, the mine will run water through the shields as opposed to emulsion in the last few passes of production to remove any oils before the recovery process proceeds. These shields would be abandoned in the mine under 1000 feet of cover, with no foreseen environmental impacts to ground water due to the depth of cover and grade of the coal seam. Although a longwall move is routine, completed safely, and occurs several times a year at Lila Canyon, there is inherent exposure that is associated with a longwall move. By not extracting these shields and leaving them in the mine, this removes any opportunity for an accident as a result of the longwall move. Upon completion of mining in District #2 the shields will be behind seals for the remainder of the mine life. See plate 5-5a.

528.332 It is anticipated that final disposal of noncoal mine wastes will be at the ECDC facility near East Carbon City. Concrete will be disposed of in a specified area, refer to Plate 5-6 for this location. The disposal site will be located under the reclaimed coal stockpile. This area will receive the

maximum fill during reclamation. Placement of this fill around the concrete will help to eliminate runoff. This will ensure that leachate and drainage does not degrade surface or underground water. The noncoal mine waste will be placed in dumpsters and emptied on an as-needed basis.

528.333 The noncoal mine waste will be disposed of at the ECDC facility near East Carbon City.

528.334 Notwithstanding any other provision to the R645 Rules, any noncoal mine waste defined as "hazardous" under 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (Pub. L. 94-580, as amended) and 40 CFR Part 261 will be handled in accordance with the requirements of Subtitle C of RCRA and any implementing regulations.

528.340 A description of the disposal methods for placing underground waste and excess spoil generated at surface areas according to R645-301-211, R645-301-212, R645-301-412.300, R645-301-512.210, R645-301-512.220, R645-301-514.100, R645-301-528.310, R645-301-535.100 through R645-301-535.130, R645-301-535.300 through R645-301-535.500, R645-536.300, R645-301-536.600, R645-301-542.720, R645-301-553.240, R645-301-745.100, R645-301-745.300, and R645-301-745.400 is covered in sections 535, and 536.

528.350 A description of measures to be employed to ensure that all debris, acid-forming and toxic-forming materials, and materials constituting a fire hazard are disposed of in accordance with R645-301-528.330, R645-301-537.200, R645-301-542.740, R645-301-553.100 through R645-301-553.600, R645-301-553.900, and R645-301-747 is included.

528.400 Dams, embankments and other impoundments. See Section 700 and Appendix 7-4.

529. Management of Mine Openings:

The permit application includes a description of the measures to be used to seal or manage the openings within the proposed permit area. New slope or drift openings required to be sealed shall be sealed with solid, substantial, noncombustible material for a distance of at least 25 feet into such openings. The closure design for portals, slopes, and drifts, can be found in Appendix 5-6.

- 529.100** Shafts or other exposed underground opening when no longer in use will be cased, lined, or otherwise managed as approved by the Division. All openings exposed by mining operations within the permit area will be permanently closed unless approved for water monitoring.
- 529.200** For the purposes of Underground Coal Mining and Reclamation Activities:
- 529.210** Mine entries which are temporarily inactive, but have a further projected useful service under the approved permit application, will be protected by barricades or other covering devices, fenced, and posted with signs, to prevent access into the entry and to identify the hazardous nature of the opening. These devices will be periodically inspected and maintained in good operating condition by the person who conducts the activity.
 - 529.220** Since no portals are projected to return underground development waste, coal processing waste or water to the mine, this section does not apply. There is no current need to return any waste to the underground workings.
- 529.300** Section 529 does not apply to holes drilled and used for blasting.
- 529.400** No openings have been identified for use to return coal processing waste to underground workings. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

530. Operational Design Criteria and Plans.

- 531.** General plans for the sediment pond and refuse pile are found within this section.
- 532.** Sediment control measures can be found in Chapter 7.
- 532.100** The smallest practicable area will be disturbed during the life of the project. Progressive backfilling, grading, and prompt revegetation of applicable will be completed as per R645-301-353.200.
- 532.200** Backfilled material will be stabilized to promote a reduction of the rate and volume of runoff in accordance with R645-301-537.200, R645-301-552 through R645-301-553.230, R645-301-553.260 through R645-301-553.420, R645-301-553.600, and R645-301-553.900.
- 533.** Impoundments.
- 533.100** Since no impoundments meeting the criteria of 30 CFR 77.216(a), this section does not apply.
- 533.200** Two impoundments are planned for this site: Pond #1 and Pond #2. The sediment ponds are temporary structures. A detailed design for the Sediment ponds can be found in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1; and on Plates 7-6a and 7-6b.
- 533.210** The sediment ponds will be incised, except for the dam/road embankment. This embankment will be reconstructed and compacted to at least 95%. A detailed design for the Sediment ponds can be found in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1; and on Plates 7-6a and 7-6b.
- 533.220** Where fill is to be placed, natural ground shall be removed 12" below the structure. A detailed design for the Sediment ponds can be found in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1; and on Plates 7-6a and 7-6b.

- 533.300** Rip-rap or other protection (culverts, concrete) will be placed at all inlets and outlets to prevent scouring. A detailed design for the Sediment ponds can be found in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1. Also see Plates 7-6a and 7-6b.
- 533.400** External slopes of the impoundment will be planted with an approved seed mix to help prevent erosion and promote stability. A detailed design for the Sediment ponds can be found in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1; and on Plates 7-6a and 7-6b.
- 533.500** This section does not apply. There are no vertical highwalls associated with this impoundment.
- 533.600** Since no impoundments are planned that meet the criteria of MSHA, 30 CFR 77.216(a), this section does not apply.
- 533.700** Design and construction requirements, as well as operation and maintenance requirements, are detailed in Appendix 7-4, Section 3.1.

534. Roads. The designs for surface roads can be found in Appendix 5-4.

- 534.100** The roads have been designed, located, constructed and will be maintained to:
- 534.110** The roads have been designed, located, constructed and will be maintained to prevent or control damage to public or private property.
- 534.120** Non-acid or nontoxic-forming substances will be used in road surfacing.
- 534.130** The designs for the roads can be found in Appendix 5-4.
- 534.140** The reclamation plan for the roads can be found in section 542.600.
- 534.150** The roads have been designed to prevent or control

erosion, siltation and air pollution.

534.200 Appropriate limits for grade, width, and surface materials have been used in the design of the roads.

534.300 Primary Roads. Primary roads will meet the requirements of R645-301-358, R645-301-527.100, R645-301-527.230, R645-301-534.100, R645-301-534.200, R645-301-542.600, R645-301-542.600, and R645-301-762, and any necessary design criteria established by the Division, and the following requirements.

Primary roads will:

534.310 The roads will be located insofar as practical, on the most stable available surfaces.

534.320 The roads will be surfaced with rock, crushed gravel, asphalt, or other material approved by the Division as being sufficiently durable for the anticipated volume of traffic and the weight and speed of vehicles using the road;

534.330 The roads will be routinely maintained to include repairs to the road surface, blading, filling potholes and adding replacement gravel or asphalt. It will also include revegetating, brush removal, and minor reconstruction of road segments as necessary.

534.340 Culverts, if required, will be designed, installed, and maintained to sustain the vertical soil pressure, the passive resistance of the foundation, and the weight of vehicles using the road.

535. Spoil: It is anticipated that no spoil will be produced at the Lila Canyon Mine. Therefore, this section is not applicable.

536. Coal Mine Waste: The proposed Lila Canyon Mine could produce 2 separate types of coal mine waste:

1. Normal coal processing waste or refuse and;
2. Underground development waste (rock slope material).

All underground development waste brought to the surface will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface. The rock slope material / underground development waste will be examined and tested as necessary to determine acid- or toxic-forming potential.

- 536.100** All underground development waste, other than the rock slope material, will be brought to the surface and will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface.
- 536.110** The refuse pile will be designed to attain a minimum long-term slope stability safety factor of 1.5. See Appendix 5-7.
- 536.200** Underground development waste brought to the surface will be deposited according to the plan described in Appendix 5-7.
- 536.300** Since no spoil fills will be generated this section does not apply.
- 536.400** Since there will not be any impounding structures constructed of coal mine waste this section does not apply.
- 536.500** As discussed in Section 536 and 536.300, it is proposed to dispose of the rock slope material / underground development waste within the rock disposal area and be used as structural fill as shown on Plate 5-2.
- 536.510** It is not anticipated that coal mine waste materials from activities located outside the permit area be disposed of in the permit area. Therefore this section does not apply.
- 536.520** It is not anticipated that coal mine waste will be brought to the surface then taken back underground for disposal therefore this section does not apply.

- 536.600** In areas where slope rock or coal processing waste is deposited, the topsoil will be removed and stored in the topsoil stockpile area until reclamation.
- 536.700** It is not anticipated that coal processing waste will be returned to abandoned underground workings therefore this section does not apply
- 536.800** Since no coal processing waste banks, dams, or embankments are planned for the Lila Canyon Mine therefore, this section does not apply.
- 536.900** Refuse Piles. (See Appendix 5-7) The refuse pile is designed to meet the requirements of R645-301-210, R645-301-512.230, R645-301-513.400, R645-301-514.200, R645-301-515.200, R645-301-528.322, R645-301-528.320, R645-301-536 through R645-301-536.200, R645-301-536.500, R645-301-536.900, R645-301-542.730, R645-301-553.250, R645-301-746.100 through R645-301-746.200, and the requirements of MSHA, 30 CFR 77.214 and 30 CFR 77.215.

537. Regraded Slopes.

- 537.100** Each application will contain a report of appropriate geotechnical analysis, where approval of the Division is required for alternative specifications or for steep cut slopes under R645-301-358, R645-301-512.250, R645-301-527.100, R645-301-527.230, R645-301-534.100, R645-301-534.200, R645-301-534.300, R645-301-542.600, R645-301-742.410, R645-301-742.420, R645-301-752.200, and R645-301-762.

540. Reclamation Plan. (See Appendix 5-8 for reclamation plan.)

541. General.

- 541.100.** The operator is committed to performing all reclamation as in accordance with R645 rules.

- 541.200.** N/A. The operator is not involved in surface mining activities.
- 541.300.** The operator is committed to the removal of all equipment facilities and structures upon cessation of mining activities.
- 541.400.** The operator will address all reclamation activities as referenced in Chapter 5 of this document.

542 Narratives, Maps and Plans.

- 542.100.** See Table 3-3 time table based on project reserves markets and life of mine.
- 542.200.** The perimeter of the disturbed area contains approximately 40.12 surface acres within the disturbed area but only 33.99 acres will be disturbed, leaving 6.13 acres of undisturbed islands within the disturbed area.
The following R645 regulations will give detailed description and reclamation procedures to address these areas of disturbance. The reclamation plan for the sediment pond and drainage control structures can be found in Appendix 7-4.
- Topsoil amounts can be found in Section 232.100 and are calculated from Plate 2-3. Concrete amounts can be calculated from the text in Section 520. Coal Mine Waste volumes can be found in Appendix 5-7. Volumes were calculated using a Cad system.
- 542.300.** Included.
- 542.310.** Included. (See Plates 5-6 & 7-7)
- 542.320.** There will not be any surface facilities left post mining.

- 542.400.** Not applicable. No surface facilities will remain post bond liability period.
- 542.500.** A reclamation time table is included as Table 3-3.
- 542.600.** All roads within the disturbed area will be reclaimed immediately after they are no longer needed for mining and reclamation operations, except for the upgraded portion of County Road #R.S. 2477. At the time of reclamation, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and Emery County will be given the option of keeping the upgrades to this portion of the roadway, reclaim the roadway to its original condition. The Division will be notified of the final decision.
- 542.610.** The time table of reclamation activities will enable the roads to be removed concurrently with reclamation activities. So, no closures specific to traffic would be anticipated except for the upgraded portion of the Emery County Road #R.S. 2477. Minimal closures may be required for the upgraded portion, if it is reclaimed.
- 542.620.** All bridges and culverts will be removed concurrent with reclamation.
- 542.630.** All disturbed areas will be ripped and top soiled prior to revegetation activities in compliance with all applicable R645 regulations. (See Appendix 5-8)
- 542.640.** Road surfacing materials such as sand and gravel,

which are not suitable for revegetation establishment, will be buried on site and covered with a minimum of two feet of material that would support vegetation. Concrete will be disposed of in the designated area and covered with four feet of cover. Asphalt will be disposed of off site, either in a landfill or sent to a recycling facility.

542.700. Final Abandonment of Mine Openings and Disposal Areas.

542.710. Appendix 5-6 depicts a typical seal that will be constructed at all mine openings.

542.720. No excess spoil is anticipated at this time.

542.730. All underground development waste brought to the surface will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface.

542.740. Disposal of Noncoal Mine Wastes.

542.741. All non coal waste will be temporarily stored on site in approved waste bins and commercially picked up and transported to an approved disposal site. Non Coal waste generated during reclamation (such as concrete structure, buried culverts, utility lines, septic systems etc.) will be buried in the refuse disposal area and covered with a minimum of four feet of fill.

542.742. No noncoal waste will be stored on site or disposed of on site during the life of the mine.

542.800. A detailed cost break down is included in Chapter 8, Appendix 8-1 relative to bonding.

550 Reclamation Design Criteria and Plans. Each permit application will include site specific plans that incorporate the following design criteria for reclamation activities.

551. All underground openings will be sealed as detailed in Appendix 5-6.

552. Permanent Features.

552.100. In the course of reclamation, areas that have been recontoured and top soiled will be "pock-marked," creating small basins that will facilitate vegetation establishment as well as minimizing erosion.

552.200. No permanent impoundments will be left post reclamation.

553. The operator will comply with all regulations applicable to underground mining activities relative to backfilling and grading as required by R645 regulations.

Some minor cut slopes along the reclaimed road may be left after reclamation due to the difficulty and inability to reclaim all material pushed over the side while making the road cut. See plate 5-7B-2, cross section 16+00 for details. UEI will make reasonable efforts to minimize the cut slopes being left.

553.100. Disturbed Areas. Disturbed areas will be backfilled and graded to:

553.110 The operator will obtain a post mining topography similar in form as what existed premining.

553.120 Since Lila Canyon is an underground operation, no spoil piles will be created. Minor highwalls may be created with the development of the rock slope portals. Upon completion of mining these entries will be sealed as per Closure for Mine Openings Appendix 5-6 and all highwalls will be eliminated during the reclamation phase of the operation. Plate 5-9 shows the proposed portal plan. During reclamation, suitable material will be placed against the portals. This material will be shaped to eliminate the highwall and to bring the slope back to the approximate original contour.

553.130 All fill slope will have a static safety factor of 1.3 as shown in Appendix 5-5.

553.140 Erosion and water pollution will be minimized on site by the use of drainage control structures (berms, channels and silt fence) and the use of small depressions, soil tackifiers, mulch and sediment pond design. No water is anticipated leaving the reclaimed site prior to adequate treatment in the form of retention and/or filtration that does not meet and/or exceed UPDES standards.

553.150 The post mining land use of wildlife and domestic grazing should be enhanced to some degree with the revegetation of a more desirable seed mix and a vegetative cover in excess of what was present premining.

553.200 Spoil and Waste.

- 553.210** All underground development waste brought to the surface will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface. Any oversized from the screens will be crushed and put back into the ROM stream.
- 553.220** Since no spoil will be produced this section does not apply.
- 553.221** All vegetation and /or organic material will be removed prior to any coal mine waste being stored.
- 553.222** All useable topsoil or topsoil substitute will be removed from the structural fill and refuse areas prior to use. Table 2-1 shows estimates of salvageable soil by soil type based on current NRCS soil inventories. The location of the soil storage is shown on Plate 5-2. This material will be spread over the recontoured structural fill and refuse areas prior to seeding and mulching.
- 553.223** Since no spoil will be produced this section does not apply.
- 553.230** All recontoured areas will be compacted to minimize slippage. The area will then be overlaid with topsoil and ripped. In addition the area will be "pock-marked" to minimize the potential for erosion, as well as enhance revegetation establishment. It is not anticipated that soil will be disturbed in areas too steep for equipment to operate.
- 553.240** The structural fill area will have slopes of less than 8% upon final recontouring, and revegetated to enhance the post mining land use of grazing and wildlife habitat.

553.250 A need for a refuse pile at Lila Canyon is not anticipated.

553.260 The operator will commit to all applicable R645 regulations relative to disposal of coal processing waste.

553.300 All underground development waste brought to the surface will be placed in the temporary rock pile and then blended back into the ROM product for sale. There will be no coal processing waste generated on the surface. Any oversized from the screens will be crushed and put back into the ROM stream.

553.400 Cut-and-fill terraces may be allowed by the Division

553.410 No cut and fill terraces will be required.

553.420 No terraces will be required for post mining land use.

553.500-540 and 553.600-553.650.500

The only area that falls under these provisions are the reclaimed Horse Canyon mine which lies in the north west portion of the lease area and is addressed under approved MRP Act #0013.

553.700-553.900

This operation will only involve underground mining, and as such the above referenced regulations do not apply.

560. Performance Standards. Coal mining and reclamation operations will be conducted in accordance with the approved permit and requirements of R645-301-510 through R645-301-553.

Lila Canyon Mine Reclamation Bond Estimate

Bonding Calculations

Direct Costs

Subtotal Demolition and Removal	\$989,081.00
Subtotal Backfilling and Grading	\$567,433.00
Subtotal Revegetation	\$151,618.00

Direct Costs in 2017 Dollars	\$1,708,132.00
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Indirect Costs

Mob/Demob	\$170,813.00	10.0%
Contingency	\$85,407.00	5.0%
Engineering Redesign	\$42,703.00	2.5%
Main Office Expense	\$116,153.00	6.8%
Project Management Fee	\$42,703.00	2.5%

Subtotal Indirect Costs 2017 Dollars	\$457,779.00	26.8%
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Total Cost	\$2,165,911.00
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Escalation factor		0.0232
Number of years		2
Escalation	\$101,664.00	

Total Reclamation Cost 2021 Dollars	\$2,267,575.00
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Bond Amount (rounded to nearest \$1,000)	\$2,268,000.00
2021 dollars	

Bond Posted	\$2,166,000.00
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Difference Between Posted Bond and Cost Estimate	-\$102,000.00
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Rider
updated
January
28 2020

Lila Canyon Mine Reclamation Bond Estimate

Unit Costs

All unit costs were obtained from RS Means 2017 Site Work and Landscape Costs or RS Means 2017 Heavy Construction Costs, except as noted.
All costs include overhead and profit.

Means Number	Item	Unit Cost	Units	
32 91 13.23 3100	75 HP Dozer with scarifier	5.85	MSF	
32 91 13.16 0390	Power mulcher, large, hay 1" deep	30.50	MSF	
32 01 90.13 0180	Fertilizer, hydro spread, 1.5 lb/MSF	5.00	MSF	
32 92 19.14 4600	Hydroseeder (equipment and labor only)	22.00	MSF	
05 05 05.10 0380	Fabricated steel demo, 121-500 lb	68.00	EA.	
05 05 05.10 0390	Fabricated steel demo, 501-1000 lb	91.00	EA.	
02 41 19.27 0020	Torch cutting, steel, 1" thick plate	3.21	LF	Unit cost reduced 30% for no interior walls (see 02 41 16.13 5000)
02 41 16.13 0020	Building Demolition - Steel	0.27	CF	
02 41 16.13 0100	Building Demolition - Mixture of Types	0.40	CF	
13 05 05.50 0650	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo, >12,500 SF	1.68	SF Flr	
02 41 16.17 0280	Concrete Floor Demolition, 4" thick, reinforced	0.89	SF	
02 41 16.17 0420	Concrete Floor Demolition, 6" thick, reinforced	1.11	SF	Unit cost increased 10% for reinforcing (see 02 41 16.17 2600)
02 41 16.17 2500	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	1.57	SF	
03 05 05.10 0060	Concrete, Selective Demo, Reinf 1-2% of X Sec	167.00	CY	
31 23 16.42 1300	Front End Loader 3CY	2.21	CY	
31 23 23.20 1014	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod, Trip	3.74	CY	
02 41 16.17 4200	On Site Disposal	11.40	CY	
Crew B-1	Portal seal, site preparation crew	1464.40	Day	See JennChem bid
04 22 10.34 1500	Block wall, reinforced, 4" thick (2 each seal)	8.50	SF	
JennChem	Seal portals, materials	4320.00	EA.	
JennChem	Seal portals, labor	265.00	HR	
Classic Helicopters	Portal seal support, material haulage	11965.00	Job	
23 05 05.10 3600	Mechanical Equipment Demolition, Heavy	1225.00	Ton	
28 05 05.10 1570	Demo of elec transformer, 3 ph, 750kVA	1700.00	EA.	
Crew A-3H	Hydraulic crane, 12 ton, with operator	1518.58	Day	
G1030 1100	Cut and fill common earth, 8" lift, 2 passes	7.00	CY	
31 23 16.42 0260	Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	1.81	CY	
31 23 16.13 3080	Backfill Trench, min haul, FE loader 2 1/4 CY	2.50	CY	
Crew B-10M	Dozer, 300 HP, 50' haul, sandy clay and loam	2978.00	Day	
Crew B-14A	Loader, 500 HP, wheel mounted, 5 CY cap	4306.40	Day	
Crew B-10G	Sheepsfoot roller, 315 HP, 8" lifts, 2 passes	2313.60	Day	
Crew B-33K	Self-propelled scraper, 34 CY, 500 HP	418.20	HR	
Crew B-34F	Off-highway rear dump truck, 40 ton, 10 MPH	2234.80	Day	
Crew B-9A	5000 gallon water truck	2041.01	Day	
02 41 13.60 1700	Chain link removal, 8'-10' high	4.44	LF	See Scamp bid
02 41 13.17 5050	Pavement Removal, bituminous, 4" to 6" thick	9.80	SY	
02 41 13.30 1600	Median barrier, precast conc, remove and store	14.00	LF	
Scamp	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	6.00	Ton	
02 41 13.80 0200	Wood utility poles, 35'-45' high	370.00	EA.	
02 41 13.80 0300	Wood cross arms, 4'-6' long	136.00	EA.	
Crew B-6	Backhoe loader, 2 laborers, equip operator	1980.00	Day	
Crew B-7	Log chipper, crew, and assoc equipment	5025.34	Day	
26 05 05.10 1900	Electrical demolition, #2 wire, from conduit	30.50	CLF	
02 65 10.30 0110	3000 to 5000 gal. undrgrnd steel tank removal	860.00	EA.	
02 65 10.30 1023	3000 to 5000 gal. tank, disposal, 100 mi RT	830.00	EA.	
02 65 10.30 0300	3000 to 5000 gal. tank, sludge removal	285.00	EA.	
02 65 10.30 0390	Dispose of sludge off site	6.80	Gal	
1305 05.75 0530	5000 to 12000 gal. abovegrnd steel tank removal	1625.00	EA.	
02 41 13.40 0110	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 12"	2.60	LF	
02 41 13.40 0160	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 18"	3.90	LF	
02 41 13.40 0170	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 24"	14.70	LF	
02 41 13.40 0180	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 30"-36"	17.65	LF	
24 41 13.40 0190	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 48-60"	22.00	LF	
13 05 05.60 0050	Silos, Selective Demolition, steel	2900.00	EA.	
01 52 13.20 0800	Haul Conex units offsite	12.10	Mile	

Lila Canyon Mine Reclamation Bond Estimate

Demolition and Removal Cost Summary

Structure/Item	Cost (\$)
01 Office/Bathhouse	84,816
02 ROM Coal Stockpile	0
03 Shop/Warehouse	324,258
04 Storage Shed	348
05 Employee Parking	96,771
06 Truck Loading/Unloading Area	0
07 Equipment/Materials Storage Area	0
08 Potable Water Tank	3,741
09 Sewer Treatment Plant	887
10 Power Poles	12,615
11 Electrical Transformers	4,961
12 Overhead Power Lines	2,952
13 Buried Power Lines	816
14 Rock Dust Silo	3,147
15 Fuel & Oil Tanks	7,902
16 Reclaim Tunnel	23,160
17 Reclaim Conveyor	3,709
18 Conveyor to Loadout Bin	4,341
19 Crusher MCC Building	364
20 Truck Loadout	7,270
21 Refuse Conveyor	826
22 Crusher/Screen Plant	3,913
23 Reclaim Escape Tunnel	12,851
24 Reclaim Feeder Gate	137
26 Extended ROM Conveyor	3,258
27 Refuse/Non-Coal Waste Pile	0
28 Electrical Grounding Field	1,986
29 Sedimentation Pond Spillways	1,430
30 Existing ROM Conveyor	6,432
31 Portal Closure	63,312
32 Concrete Conveyor Bay	371
33 ROM Coal Staking Tube	8,858
34 Mine MCC Building and Electrical Tower	1,595
35 Backup Ventilation Fans	37,668
36 Main Ventilation Fan	37,599
37 Non-Potable Water Tanks	7,670
38 Powder and Cap Magazines	4,924
39 Chain Link Fence	6,676
40 Concrete Electrical Junction Box	73
41 Loadout MCC Building	289
42 Mine Parking	35,311
43 Abandoned Concrete Reclaim Room	5,364
44 Jersey Barrier	10,640
45 Concrete Trash Chute	1,280
46 Emergency Reclaim Feeder Gate	69
47 Gantry Lift Assembly	5,727
Mine Substation	8,476
Paved Mine Roads	63,224
Culvert Demolition	46,055
Lila Old Fan Portals	24,586
Visual Disconnect	6,279
Drop Box	145
TOTAL	989,081

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost			
	01 Office/Bathhouse																						
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo.>12,500 SF	13 05 05.50 0650	1.68	SF Fir	150	100	15		15000								15000	SF Fir	25200			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition										225000							0.3	2500	CY			
	Bathhouse New Addition Demo	Building Demolition - Mixture of Types	02 41 16.13 0100	0.40	CF				10	432	4320							0.3	1296	CF	518		
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Loading Cost Bathhouse New	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															48	106		
	Transportation Cost Bathhouse New	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															48	180		
	Disposal Cost Bathhouse New	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															54	616		
	Steel's Weight																						
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton									486						608	Tons	3648	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																						
	Disposal Cost Steel																				0		
	Subtotal																				30268		
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																						
	Dismantling Cost																						
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																						
	Load Conex Units	Hydraulic crane, 12 ton, with operator	Crew A-3H	1518.58	Day										1	Day					1519		
	Haul Conex Units to SLC, UT	Haul Conex units offsite	01 52 13.20 0800	12.10	Mile										140	Miles				8	EA	13552	
	Disposal Costs																						
	Subtotal																				15071		
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	SF	157	102	1															
	Concrete Footings - Conex Units	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	SF	200	2	1															
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																						
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY																790	CY	1746
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ten) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY																790	CY	2955
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY																790	CY	9005
	Subtotal																					39477	
	Concrete Demolition																						
	Concrete Cost																						
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																						
	Loading Costs																						
	Transportation Costs																						
	Disposal Costs																						
	Subtotal																						
	Total																					84816	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	02 ROM Coal Stockpile																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	WILL BE GRADED WITH THE REMAINDER OF THE FILL AT THE TIME OF RECLAMATION. EXCESS COAL TO BE BURIED AS INDICATED IN THE MRP.																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Slab																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				0

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	03 Shop/Warehouse																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Shop 1)	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo.>12,500 SF	13 05 05.50 0650	1.68	SF	150	100	20		15000								15000	SF	25200	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Shop 1)										300000							0.3	3333	CY	
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Shop 2)	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo.>12,500 SF	13 05 05.50 0650	1.68	SF	160	80	30		9600								0.3	9600	SF	16128
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Shop 2)										288000							0.3	3200	CY	
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Warehouse)	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo.>12,500 SF	13 05 05.50 0650	1.68	SF	70	50	14		3500									3500	SF	5880
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Warehouse)										49000							0.3	544	CY	
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non-Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non-Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non-Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton									480		lb/cy		1568	Ton	9408	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				56619
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Load Conex Units	Hydraulic crane 12 ton w/ operator	Crew a-3h	1516.58	Day										1	Day					1519
	Haul Conex Units to SLC, UT	Haul conex units offsite	152.13.20.0800	12.10	0										140	Miles			8	EA	13552
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				15071
	Slab																				
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinfoced	02 41 16.17.2500	1.57	SF	420	250	1		3889					105000	SF		105000	SF	164850	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3	5056	CY	11174
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY																5056
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rd. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY																18909
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17.4200	11.40	CY																57638
	Subtotal																				252571
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				324288

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	04 Storage Shed																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Mixture of Types	02 41 16.13 0100	0.40	CF	8	8	8										512	CF	204.8	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																0.3	6	CY		
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY													6	CY	68	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																			273	
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Floor Demolition, 4" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 0280	0.89	SF	8	8	0.33											64	SF	57
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY										0.8	CY	1.3	1	CY	2	
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY														1	CY	4
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY														1	CY	12
	Subtotal																			75	
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																			348	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	06 Truck Loading/Unloading Area																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	WILL BE GRADED WITH THE REMAINDER OF THE FILL AT THE TIME OF RECLAMATION. EXCESS COAL TO BE BURIED AS INDICATED IN THE MRP.																		
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Slab																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			0

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	07 Equipment/Materials Storage Area																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	WILL BE GRADED WITH THE REMAINDER OF THE FILL AT THE TIME OF RECLAMATION. EXCESS COAL TO BE BURIED AS INDICATED IN THE MRP.																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Slab																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				0

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	08 Potable Water Tank																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF				20	15									3534	CF	954	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			1286	SF	
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								1.00				LB/SF		0.65	Ton	4	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																				0	
	Subtotal																				958	
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Floor Demolition, 6" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 0420	1.11	SF	15	15	0.5												225	SF	250
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			1.3		
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY																146	323
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY																146	546
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY																146	1664
	Subtotal																					2783
	Total																					3741

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	09 Sewer Treatment Plant																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						1800				CF			1800	CF	486
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	20	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton									480		lb/cy		5	Ton	30
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			516
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Floor Demolition, 6" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 0420	1.11	SF	15	15	0.5							225	SF		225	SF	250
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3	5.4	CY
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY														7	15
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod, Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY														7	26
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY														7	80
	Subtotal																			371
	Total																			887

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	10 Power Poles																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Wood utility poles, 35'-45' high	02 41 13.80 0200	370.00	EA										15	EA		15	EA	5550	
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Wood cross arms, 4'-6' long	02 41 13.80 0300	136.00	EA										15	EA		15	EA	2040	
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Log chipper, crew, and assoc equipment	Crew B-7	5025.34	Day													1.00	Day	5025	
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																				12615
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				12615

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	11 Electrical Transformers																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Equipment's Demolition Cost	Demo of elec transformer, 3 ph, 750kVA	26 05 05.10 1570	1700.00	EA.										2			2	EA.	3400
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs	Hydraulic crane, 12 ton, with operator	Crew A-3H	1518.58	Day													1	Day	1519
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton													7	Ton	42
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			4961
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Total																			4961

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	12 Overhead Power Lines																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Electrical demolition, #2 wire, from conduit	26.05.05.10.1900	30.50	CLF	3220									3			9660	FT	2946	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton									201		lb/MF		0.97	Ton	6	
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																				2952
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				2952

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	13 Buried Power Lines																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Electrical demolition, #2 wire, from conduit	26.05.05.10.1900	30.50	CLF	890									3			2670	FT	814	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								201			lb/MF		0.27	Ton	2	
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																				816
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				816

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	14 Rock Dust Silo																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Silos, Selective Demolition, steel	13 05 05.60 0050	2900.00	EA										1	EA		1	Ea	2900
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton							4				Ton		4	Ton	24
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			
	Subtotal																			2924
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY	16	16	1			256					CF		9	CY	14
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																1.3	12	CY	27
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY													12	CY	27
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY													12	CY	45
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY													12	CY	137
	Subtotal																			228
	Total																			3147

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	15 Fuel & Oil Tanks																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	5000 to 12000 gal. abovegrnd steel tank rem	1305 05.75 0530	1625.00	EA.														1	EA	1625
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp		6.00	Ton															
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				1637
	Equipment Disposal Cost																				
	Tank Removal	3000 to 5000 gal. undgrnd steel tank removal	02 65 10.30 0110	860.00	EA																2580
	Remove Sludge	3000 to 5000 gal. tank, sludge removal	02 65 10.30 0300	285.00	EA																855
	Tank Disposal	3000 to 5000 gal. tank, disposal, 100 mi RT	02 65 10.30 1023	830.00	EA.																2490
	Sludge Disposal	Dispose of sludge off site	02 65 10.30 0390	6.80	Gal																340
	Subtotal																				6265
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				7902

Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
16 Reclaim Tunnel																				
Conveyor Demolition Cost																				
Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
Truck's Capacity																				
Haulage																				
Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
Steel's Weight																				
Truck's Capacity																				
Haulage																				
Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
Disposal Cost Steel																				
Subtotal																			0	
Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
Dismantling Cost																				
Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
Loading Costs																				
Transportation Costs																				
Disposal Costs																				
Subtotal																				
Concrete Demolition																				
Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinfocad	02 41 16.17 2500		1.57	CY	810	8	8		960							960	CY	1507	
Concrete Vol. Demolished																1.3				
Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300		2.21	CY													1248	CY	2758
Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014		3.74	CY													1248	CY	4668
Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200		11.40	CY													1248	CY	14227
Subtotal																				23160
Concrete Demolition																				
Concrete Cost																				
Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
Loading Costs																				
Transportation Costs																				
Disposal Costs																				
Subtotal																				
Total																				23160

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
17	Reclaim Conveyor																				
	Conveyor Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02.41.16.13.0020	0.27	CF	810	4	4								FT		12960	CF	3490	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	144	CY	
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		35	Ton	210	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				0
	Subtotal																				3709
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				3709

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	18 Conveyor to Loadout Bin																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Conveyor 1)	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	230	6	6								FT		8280	CF	2236		
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Conveyor 1)																	0.3	92	CY		
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Conveyor 1)	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	350	4	4								FT		5600	CF	1512		
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Conveyor 1)																	0.3	62	CY		
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		37	Ton	222		
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0		
	Subtotal																			3970		
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY						15								15	CY	24	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																		1.3	20	CY	
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															20	CY	44
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															20	CY	75
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															20	CY	228
	Subtotal																				371	
	Total																				4341	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	19 Crusher MCC Building																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13.0020	0.27	CF	20	8	8								FT		1280	CF	346
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	14	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		3	Ton	18
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			364
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Total																			364

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	20 Truck Loadout																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Loadout 1)	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	5	5	20							500	CF		500	CF	135	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Loadout 1)																0.3	6	CY		
	Structure's Demolition Cost (Loadout 2)	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	20	20	18							7200	CF		7200	CF	1944	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition (Loadout 2)																0.3	80	CY		
	Dozer Trap Roof Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	20	12	1							240	CF		240	CF	65	
	Dozer Trap Roof Volume																	0.3	3	CY	
	Stairway Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	10	3	1							30	CF		30	CF	8	
	Stairway Volume																	0.3	0.3	CY	
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		21	Ton	125	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			0	
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																			2275	
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY							207							207	CY	325
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3	269	CY	
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY														269	CY	594
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY														269	CY	1006
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY														269	CY	3067
	Subtotal																			4982	
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																			7270	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
21	Refuse Conveyor																				
	Conveyor Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02.41.16.13.0020	0.27	CF	180	4	4								FT		2880	CF	778	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	32	CY	
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		8	Ton	48	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				0
	Subtotal																				828
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				828

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	22 Crusher/Screen Plant																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						12000					CF		12000	CF	3240		
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																0.3	133	CY			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		32	Ton	192		
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0		
	Subtotal																			3432		
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY						20								20	CY	31	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															26	CY	57
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															26	CY	97
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															26	CY	296
	Subtotal																				481	
	Total																				3913	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	23 Reclaim Escape Tunnel																			
	Corrugated Steel	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						26880					CF		26880	CF	7258
	Escape Tunnel	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						1257							1257	CF	339
	Fan	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						64							64	CF	17
	Fan House	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF						512							512	CF	138
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	319	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		77	Ton	462
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			8214
	Excavation and Backfill																			
	Reclaim Tunnel	Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	350	14	10								FT		1815	CY	3285
	Escape Tunnel	Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	325	4	10										481	CY	871
	Subtotal																			0
	Subtotal																			4156
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY						20									31
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3		26
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															57
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															97
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															296
	Subtotal																			481
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			12851

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
24	Reclaim Feeder Gate																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Fabricated steel demo, 121-500 lb	05 05.05.10.0380	68.00	EA.													2	EA.	136	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation & Disposal Cost Steel	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton	3	3						20.4			lb/SF		0.18	Ton	1	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				137
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Total																				137

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	26 Extended ROM Conveyor																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	300	6	6								FT		10800	CF	2916
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	120	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		29	Ton	174
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			3090
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY	10	10	1												
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3	7	CY
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21																9
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															9
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															9
	Subtotal																			168
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			3258

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	27 Refuse/Non-Coal Waste Pile																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	WILL BE GRADED WITH THE REMAINDER OF THE FILL AT THE TIME OF RECLAMATION. EXCESS COAL TO BE BURIED AS INDICATED IN THE MRP.																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Slab																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				0

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	28 Electrical Grounding Field																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Backhoe loader, 2 laborers, equip operator	Crew B-6	1980.00	Day										1				1	Day	1980	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																					
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton															1	Ton	6
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																					
	Subtotal																					1986
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					0
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Total																					1986

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	29 Sedimentation Pond Spillways																				
	Pond #2 Barrel Excavation	Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	165	1.5	3								FT		28	CY	50	
	Subtotal																				50
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Pond #1 - 30" Principal Riser	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 30"-36"	02 41 13.40 0180	17.65	LF	20							30 lb/ft			FT		20	FT	353	
	Pond #1 - 30" Emergency Riser	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 30"-36"	02 41 13.40 0180	17.65	LF	19							30 lb/ft			FT		19	FT	335	
	Pond #2 - 12" Principal Riser	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 12"	02 41 13.40 0110	2.60	LF	5							103 lb/ft			FT		5	FT	13	
	Pond #2 - 15" Emergency Riser	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 18"	02 41 13.40 0160	3.90	LF	6							10 lb/ft			FT		6	FT	23	
	Pond #2 Barrel (SP2-1)	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 18"	02 41 13.40 0160	3.90	LF	165							15 lb/ft			FT		165	FT	644	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation & Disposal Costs	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								4160 lb						2	Tons	12
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				1380
	Total																				1430

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	30 Existing ROM Conveyor																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	475	6	6								FT		17100	CF	4617
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	190	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		46	Ton	276
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			4893
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY	24	24	1												64
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3		100
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21																83
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															310
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															946
	Subtotal																			1539
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			6432

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	31 Portal Closure																				
	Canopy Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	16	16	10							8	EA		20480	CF	5530	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	228	CY	
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480								
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																				5860
	Earthwork - North & South Breakouts																				
	Cut and fill - North Breakout	Cut and fill common earth, 8" lift, 2 passes	G1030 1100	7.00	CY						80										80
	Cut and fill - South Breakout	Cut and fill common earth, 8" lift, 2 passes	G1030 1100	7.00	CY						20										20
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				700
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Portal Sealing																				
	Seal Construction	Seal portals, materials	JennChem	4320.00	EA										8	EA					8
	Labor	Seal portals, labor	JennChem	265.00	HR										4	HR					32
	Site preparation	Portal seal, site preparation crew	Crew B-1	1464.40	Day										1	Day					8
	Block retaining walls	Block wall, reinforced, 4" thick (2 each seal)	04 22 10.34 1500	8.50	SF		20	8.6		344					16	EA				5504	
	Transportation Costs	Portal seal support, material haulage	Classic Helicopters	11965.00	Job										1	Job					1
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				11965
	Total																				53312

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	32 Concrete Conveyor Bay																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost																					
	Structure's Vol. Demolished																					
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																				0	
	Subtotal																				0	
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500		1.57	CY					15								15	CY	24	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3				
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300		2.21															20	CY	44
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014		3.74	CY														20	CY	75
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200		11.40	CY														20	CY	238
	Subtotal																				371	
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Total																				371	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	33 ROM Coal Staking Tube																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF			80	20							GF		25133	CF	6786
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																	0.3	279	CY
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		67	Ton	402
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Steel																			0
	Subtotal																			7188
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY		25	25	3							FT		69	CY	108
	Concrete Cost																	1.3		
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															90
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															90
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															90
	Subtotal																			1670
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			8858

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	34 Mine MCC Building and Electrical Tower																					
	MCC Bldg Demolition Cost	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo >12,500 SF	13 05 05.50 0650	1.68	SF FIr	30.5	12	9					480			lb/CY	0.3	366	SF FIr	615		
	Elec Tower Demolition Cost	Torch cutting, steel, 1" thick plate	02 41 19.27 0020	3.21	LF	220							76.33			lb/FT		220	LF	706		
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamo	6.00	Ton														17	Ton	102	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																					
	Subtotal																			1423		
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY	30.5	12	0.5											7	CY	15	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																		1.3			
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21																9	CY	20
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															9	CY	34
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															9	CY	103
	Subtotal																				172	
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																				0	
	Total																				1595	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	35 Backup Ventilation Fans																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost	Mechanical Equipment Demolition, Heavy	23 05 05.10 3600	1225.00	Ton							30				Ton		30	Ton	36750	
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton														30	Ton	180
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				36930
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	SF	20	20	0.5		400						SF		400	SF	628	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				0
	Transportation Costs																				0
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY						7.4						1.3	10	CY	110	
	Subtotal																				738
	Shotcrete																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				0
	Subtotal																				0
	Total																				37668

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	36 Main Ventilation Fan																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Helicopter	Portal seal support, material haulage	Classic Helicopters	11965.00	Job										0.2	Day		0.2	Day	2393
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			2393
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost	Mechanical Equipment Demolition, Heavy	23 05 05.10 3600	1225.00	Ton							28				Ton		28	Ton	34300
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton														28	Ton
	Disposal Costs																			168
	Subtotal																			34468
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	SF	20	20	0.5	400							SF		400	SF	628
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			0
	Transportation Costs																			0
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY							7.4						1.3	10	CY
	Subtotal																			110
	Subtotal																			738
	Shotcrete																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			0
	Subtotal																			0
	Total																			37599

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	37 Non-Potable Water Tanks																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	5000 to 12000 gal. abovegrnd steel tank removal	1305 05.75 0530	1625.00	EA.										3	EA.		3	EA.	4875	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								2			Ton		2.00	Ton	12	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Steel																				
	Subtotal																				4887
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Floor Demolition, 6" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 0420	1.11	SF	15	15	0.5													225
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				1.3
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY																146
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rot. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY																146
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY																146
	Subtotal																				2783
	Total																				7670

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	38 Powder and Cap Magazines																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Mechanical Equipment Demolition, Heavy	23 05 05.10 3600	1225.00	Ton							4				Ton		4	Ton	4900	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton							4				Ton		4	Ton	24	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				4924
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				4924

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	30 Chain Link Fence																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Fence Demolition	Chain link removal, 8'-10' high	02.41.13.60.1700	4.44	FT	1500										FT		1500	FT	6660	
	Transportation and Disposal	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp.	6.00	Ton								3.5			lb/FT		2.6	Ton	16	
	Subtotal																				6676
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				6676

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	40 Concrete Electrical Junction Box																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Footings																				
	Structure	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY		2	2	1		1					CY		1	CY	2	
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY		4	4	1		2					CY		2	CY	3	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3	4	CY	
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.24	CY														4	CY	9
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 red. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY														4	CY	15
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY														4	CY	46
	Subtotal																				73
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				73

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	41 Loadout MCC Building																					
	MCC Bldg Demolition Cost	Pre-engineered steel bldg demo >12,500 SF	13.05.05.50.0650	1.68	SF Flr	16	8	8										128	SF Flr	215		
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480				lb/CY	0.3	3	Ton	18	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Steel																					
	Subtotal																			233		
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Front End Loader 3CY	31.23.16.42.1300	2.21	CY	16	8	0.5														
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3		2	CY	4
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31.23.16.42.1300	2.21																		
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31.23.23.20.1014	3.74	CY																	
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02.41.16.17.4200	11.40	CY																	
	Subtotal																				56	
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																				0	
	Total																				289	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	42 Mine Parking																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Pavement Removal	Pavement Removal, bituminous, 4' to 6" thick	02 41 13.17 5050	9.80	SY			0.33		27800						SF					30272
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY						340					CY	1.3				5039
	Subtotal																				35311
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				35311

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	43 Abandoned Concrete Reclaim Room																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost																					
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																					
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Subtotal																					
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Fence Demolition																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY	15	20	10				111			2	CY			222	CY	349	
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3				
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY														289	CY	639	
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rd. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY														289	CY	1081	
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															289	CY	3295
	Subtotal																				5364	
	Total																				5364	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	44 Jersey Barrier																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost																				
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Median Barrier	Median barrier, precast conc. remove and store	02 41 13.30 1600	14.00	FT	760													760	FT	10640
	Subtotal																				10640
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Total																				10640

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	45 Concrete Trash Chute																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Walls						10	10	0.67			5								
	Walls						50	10	0.67			25								
	Floor						52	12	1			23								
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinfo	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY							53								83
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																1.3			
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															152
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															258
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															787
	Subtotal																			1280
	Total																			1280

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
46	Emergency Reclaim Feeder Gate																				
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Fabricated steel demo, 121-500 lb	05 05.05.10.0380	68.00	EA.													1	EA.	68	
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																				
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																				
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																				
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																				
	Steel's Weight																				
	Truck's Capacity																				
	Haulage																				
	Transportation & Disposal Cost Steel	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton	3	3						20.4					0.09	Ton	1	
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																				
	Subtotal																				68
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
	Dismantling Cost																				
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				
	Concrete Demolition																				
	Concrete Cost																				
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
	Loading Costs																				
	Transportation Costs																				
	Disposal Costs																				
	Subtotal																				0
	Total																				68

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost			
	47 Gantry Lift Assembly																						
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Fabricated steel demo, 121-500 lb	05 05 05.10 0390	68.00	EA.													12	EA.	816			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Fabricated steel demo, 501-1000 lb	02 41 19.27 0020	91.00	EA.													4	EA.	364			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																						
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																						
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																						
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																						
	Steel's Weight																						
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Transportation & Disposal Cost Steel																						
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																						
	Subtotal																			1180			
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																						
	Dismantling Cost																						
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																						
	Loading Costs																						
	Transportation Costs																						
	Disposal Costs																						
	Subtotal																			0			
	Concrete Demolition																						
	Footings	Concrete, Selective Demo, Reinf 1-2% of X Sec	03 05 05.10 0060	167.00	CV	80	1.33	1.75			186								7	CV	1169		
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3					
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CV															9	CV	20	
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CV															9	CV	34	
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CV															9	CV	103	
	Subtotal																				1326		
	Concrete Demolition																						
	Foundation	Concrete, Selective Demo, Reinf 1-2% of X Sec	03 05 05.10 0060	167.00	CV	85.33	4	1.33			454									17	CV	2839	
	Tube																						
	Concrete Cost																						
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3			22	CV	
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CV																22	CV	49
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CV																22	CV	82
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CV																22	CV	251
	Subtotal																					3221	
	Total																					5727	

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost			
	Mine Substation																						
	Structure's Demolition Cost																						
	Structure's Vol. Demolished																						
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																						
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																						
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																						
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																						
	Steel's Weight																						
	Truck's Capacity																						
	Haulage																						
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																						
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																						
	Subtotal																				0		
	Equipment's Demolition Cost	Demo of elec transformer, 3 ph, 750kVA	26 05 05 10 1570	1700.00	EA.										2			2	EA.	3400			
	Dismantling Cost																						
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																						
	Loading Costs	Hydraulic crane, 12 ton, with operator	Crew A-3H	1518.58	Day														1	Day	1518		
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton														7	Ton	42		
	Disposal Costs																						
	Subtotal																				4961		
	Fence Demolition	Chain link removal, 8'-10' high	02 41 13.60 1700	4.44	FT	654													654	FT	2904		
	Subtotal																				2904		
	Concrete Demolition																						
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Floor Demolition, 6" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 0420	1.11	SF	20	20	0.5								400		400	SF	444			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished															7.4		1.3					
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															9.62	CY	21	
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.10 1014	3.74	CY															9.62	CY	36	
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY																9.62	CY	110
	Subtotal																				811		
	Total																				8476		

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
Culvert Demolition																				
DC-1		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	60	1.5	3								FT		10	CY	18
DC-2		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	60	1.5	3								FT		10	CY	18
DC-3		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	65	1.5	3								FT		11	CY	20
DC-4		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	400	2	3								FT		89	CY	161
DC-5		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	350	2	3								FT		78	CY	141
DC-6		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	107	2	3								FT		24	CY	43
DC-7		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	155	2	3								FT		34	CY	62
DC-8		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	167	2	3								FT		37	CY	67
DC-9		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	186	2	3								FT		41	CY	75
DC-10		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	60	2	3								FT		13	CY	24
DC-11		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	101	2	3								FT		22	CY	41
DC-12a		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	140	2.5	3.5								FT		45	CY	82
DC-12b		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	79	2.5	3								FT		22	CY	40
DC-12c		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	357	2.5	3								FT		99	CY	179
DC-12d		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	9	2.5	3.5								FT		3	CY	5
DC-13		PREVIOUSLY REMOVED																		0
DC-14		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	40	1.5	3								FT		7	CY	12
DC-15		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	45	1.5	3								FT		8	CY	14
DC-16		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	25	1.5	3								FT		4	CY	8
DC-17		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	120	1.5	3								FT		20	CY	36
DC-18		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	27	1.5	3								FT		5	CY	8
UC-1		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	120	5	6								FT		133	CY	241
UC-1a		Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY	360	5	6								FT		400	CY	724
Subtotal																				
Equipment's Disposal Cost																				
Dismantling Cost																				
Equipment's Vol. Demolished																				
Loading Costs																				
Transportation Costs																				
Disposal Costs																				
Subtotal																				
	Demolition Cost 18" CMP	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 18"	02 41 13.40 0160	3.90	LF	402							15 lb/ft			FT		402	FT	1568
	Demolition Cost 24" CMP	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 24"	02 41 13.40 0170	14.70	LF	2151							19 lb/ft			FT		2151	FT	31620
	Demolition Cost 60" CMP	Demolition, CMP pipe, steel, 48-60"	24 41 13.40 0190	22.00	LF	480							103 lb/ft			FT		480	FT	10560
Concrete Vol. Demolished																				
Loading Costs																				
Transportation & Disposal Costs																				
Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal																				
Scamp																				
6.00 Ton																				
96339 lb																				
48 Tons																				
288																				
Disposal Costs																				
Subtotal																				
44036																				
Total																				
46055																				

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	Lila Old Fan Portals																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost																			
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																			
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			0
	Old Horse Canyon Lila Fan Portals																			
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation and Disposal Cost All																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Portal Sealing																			
	Seal Construction	Seal portals, materials	JennChem	4320.00	EA										2	EA		2	EA	8640
	Labor	Seal portals, labor	JennChem	265.00	HR										8	HR		16	HR	4240
	Site preparation	Portal seal, site preparation crew	Crew B-1	1464.40	Day										2	Day		4	Day	5858
	Block retaining walls	Block wall, reinforced, 4' thick (2 each seal)	04 22 10.34	1500	8.50	SF	20	8.6		344					2			688	SF	5840
	Subtotal																			24586
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Total																			24586

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost
	Visual Disconnect																			
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	20	30	8								FT		4800	CF	1296
	Structure's Demolition Cost	Building Demolition - Steel	02 41 16.13 0020	0.27	CF	40	10	8								FT		3200	CF	864
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																			
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																			
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																			
	Steel's Weight																			
	Truck's Capacity																			
	Haulage																			
	Transportation & Disposal Cost Steel	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton								480			lb/CY		71	Ton	426
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																			
	Subtotal																			2586
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																			
	Dismantling Cost																			
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished	Mechanical Equipment Demolition, Heavy	23 05 05.10 3600	1225.00	Ton							1				Ton		3	Ton	3675
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation & Disposal Cost Steel	Demolition debris, off-site haul and disposal	Scamp	6.00	Ton															
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			3675
	Concrete Demolition																			
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																			
	Loading Costs																			
	Transportation Costs																			
	Disposal Costs																			
	Subtotal																			
	Concrete Demolition	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY	4	6	0.5								FT		0.4	CY	1
	Concrete Cost																			
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3		1
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.21	CY															1
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 rod. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															4
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															11
	Subtotal																			18
	Total																			6279

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Length	Width	Height	Diameter	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost		
	Drop Box																					
	Structure's Demolition Cost																					
	Structure's Vol. Demolition																					
	Rubble's Weight (exclude steel)																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Non Steel Drive																					
	Disposal Cost Non Steel																					
	Steel's Weight																					
	Truck's Capacity																					
	Haulage																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Truck																					
	Transportation Cost Steel Drive																					
	Subtotal																					
	Equipment's Disposal Cost																					
	Dismantling Cost																					
	Equipment's Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Footings																					
	Structure	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY		2	2	3.44		2					CY		2	CY	3		
	Concrete Cost	Concrete Wall/Floor Demo, 12" thick, reinforced	02 41 16.17 2500	1.57	CY		4	4	1.5		4					CY		4	CY	6		
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																	1.3		8	CY	
	Loading Costs	Front End Loader 3CY	31 23 16.42 1300	2.24	CY															8	CY	18
	Transportation Costs	12 CY (16 Ton) Dump Truck 1/2 red. Trip	31 23 23.20 1014	3.74	CY															8	CY	30
	Disposal Costs	On Site Disposal	02 41 16.17 4200	11.40	CY															8	CY	91
	Subtotal																					145
	Concrete Demolition																					
	Concrete Cost																					
	Concrete Vol. Demolished																					
	Loading Costs																					
	Transportation Costs																					
	Disposal Costs																					
	Subtotal																					
	Total																					145

Lila Canyon Mine Reclamation Bond Estimate
Earthwork Costs

Description	Quantity	Units	Production Rate	Units	Production Time	Units	Materials/Equipment/Labor	Cost Reference RSMMeans Ref #	Unit Cost	Units	Quantity	Cost
Mine Site Earthwork Estimate												
Load and Haul Backfill												
631G (9-51)(2nd04)	79283	CY	393	CY/HR	201.7	HR	Self-propelled scraper, 34 CY, 500 HP	Crew B-33K	418.20	HR	201.7	\$84,351
Spread, Compact, and Scarify Backfill												
DB, Track-mounted	79283	CY	1850	CY/Day	42.9	Day	Dozer, 300 HP, 50' haul, sandy clay and loam	Crew B-10M	2978.00	Day	42.9	\$127,756
825G (6-13)(4Q03)	79283	CY	4100	CY/Day	19.3	Day	Sheepsfoot roller, 315 HP, 8' lifts, 2 passes	Crew B-10G	2313.60	Day	19.3	\$44,652
Scarify subsoil	29.96	ac	240	MSF/Day	5.4	Day	75 HP Dozer with scarifier	32 91 13.23 3100	5.85	MSF	1305	\$7,634
Backfill, Grade, and Scarify Upper Road Area												
770 (20-11)(3Q03)	5000	CY	882	CY/Day	5.7	Day	Off-highway rear dump truck, 40 ton, 10 MPH	Crew B-34F	2234.80	Day	5.7	\$12,738
988G EROPS (9-38)(3Q04)	5000	CY	1480	CY/Day	3.4	Day	Loader, 500 HP, wheel mounted, 5 CY cap	Crew B-14A	4306.40	Day	3.4	\$14,642
DB, Track-mounted	5000	CY	1850	CY/Day	2.7	Day	Dozer, 300 HP, 50' haul, sandy clay and loam	Crew B-10M	2978.00	Day	2.7	\$8,041
Scarify subsoil	4.24	ac	240	MSF/Day	0.8	Day	75 HP Dozer with scarifier	32 91 13.23 3100	5.85	MSF	185	\$1,082
Load, Haul, and Spread Topsoil - Main Area												
631G (9-51)(2nd04)	61086	CY	393	CY/HR	155.4	HR	Self-propelled scraper, 34 CY, 500 HP	Crew B-33K	418.20	HR	155.4	\$64,988
D9R Semi-U EROPS (9-54 (2H04)	61086	CY	1850	CY/Day	33	Day	Dozer, 300 HP, 50' haul, sandy clay and loam	Crew B-10M	2978.00	Day	33	\$98,274
Load, Haul, and Spread Topsoil - Upper Road Area												
770 (20-11)(3Q03)	10000	CY	882	CY/Day	11.3	Day	Off-highway rear dump truck, 40 ton, 10 MPH	Crew B-34F	2234.80	Day	11.3	\$25,253
988G EROPS (9-38)(3Q04)	10000	CY	1480	CY/Day	6.8	Day	Loader, 500 HP, wheel mounted, 5 CY cap	Crew B-14A	4306.40	Day	6.8	\$29,284
DB, Track-mounted	10000	CY	1850	CY/Day	5.4	Day	Dozer, 300 HP, 50' haul, sandy clay and loam	Crew B-10M	2978.00	Day	5.4	\$16,081
Support												
Water Truck							5000 gallon water truck	Crew B-9A	2041.01	Day	16.0	\$32,656
Subtotal												\$567,433

Note: Includes reclamation of 26,000 CY of fill for the new shop and the new loadout, as well as 1.26 additional disturbed acres associated with those structures.

Lila Canyon Mine Reclamation Bond Estimate

Revegetation Costs

Ref.	Description	Materials	Means Reference Number	Unit Cost	Unit	Area	Volume	Weight	Density	Time	Number	Unit	Swell Factor	Quantity	Unit	Cost	
	Mine Site Revegetation Estimate																
	<i>Ground Preparation</i>																
	Pocking	Excavation Bulk Bank 2 CY (322BL)	31 23 16.42 0260	1.81	CY		37.02	ac		340	CY/ac			12586.8	CY	22782	
	<i>Site Revegetation</i>																
	Mulch Material, Labor, and Equipment	Power mulcher, large, hay 1" deep	32 91 13.16 0390	30.50	MSF		37.02					ac		1613	MSF	49197	
	Seeding Material	Lila Canyon Seed Mix (see below)	Great Basin Seed	155.80	ac		37.02					ac		37.00	AC	5764	
	Seeding Equipment and Labor	Hydroseeder (equipment and labor only)	32 92 19.14 4600	22.00	MSF		37.02					ac		1613	MSF	35486	
	Fertilizer equipment, materials, & labor	Fertilizer, hydro spread, 1.5 lb/MSF	32 01 90.13 0180	5.00	MSF		37.02					ac		1613	MSF	8065	
	Subtotal															121,294	
	<i>Mine Site</i>																
	Re-vegetate 25% of area															30324	
	Subtotal															30,324	
	Total															151,618	

Seed mix cost based on the application rates provided in Table 3.4/3.5 of the MRP
Seed prices downloaded October 2017 from greatbasinseeds.com

Common Name	Seeding Rate (lb PLS/ac)	Unit Cost (\$/lb)	Mix Cost (\$/ac)
Grasses			
Needle and Thread	2.00	39.5	79.00
Indian Ricegrass	2.00	6.95	13.90
Basin Wild Rye	1.00	16.95	16.95
Galleta	1.00	24.00	24.00
Bluebunch Wheatgrass	1.00	8.95	8.95
Slender Wheatgrass	2.00	2.95	5.90
Blue Gramma	1.00	16.00	16.00
Forbs			
Blue Flax	1.00	8.75	8.75
Palmer penstemon	0.25	10.00	2.50
Globemallow	0.50	59.00	29.50
Indian Paintbrush	0.10	150.00	15.00
Fringed Sage	0.10	18.00	1.80
Shrubs			
Wyoming Big Sage	0.25	9.50	2.38
Green Rabbitbrush	0.10	18.00	1.80
Fourwing Saltbush	0.84	13.00	10.92
Winterfat	1.00	18.00	18.00
Shadscale	1.00	9.00	9.00
Cliffrose	1.00	38.00	38.00
Black Sage	0.25	15.95	3.99
			Subtotal = 141.63
			10% increase to account for PLS requirement = 14.16
			Seed mix unit cost = 155.80

